



Application Note AN-T-084

Total, calcium, and magnesium hardness in water samples

Fully automated determination in colored and colorless water samples by photometric titration according to ASTM D8192

Water hardness is mainly caused by calcium and magnesium ions. Over time, excessively high water hardness can negatively affect water systems and pipes. Accurate and reliable monitoring of water hardness is important for protecting company assets. Controlling the water hardness can decrease the risk of clogging and improve heat transfer.

ASTM D8192 describes the photometric titration of the total, calcium, and magnesium hardness in water with an optical sensor for objective

endpoint indication, increasing precision and reliability. The method is suitable for both colored and colorless samples such as groundwater, surface water, wastewater, and drinking water. Using a fully automated OMNIS system equipped with an Optrode ensures that the sample preparation and analysis are repeatable. This increases the precision and reliability, allowing accurate determination of these parameters.

SAMPLE AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

This application is demonstrated on wastewater (moderate yellow hue), tap water, and leachate.

No sample preparation is required.

EXPERIMENTAL

The determination is carried out on an automated system consisting of an OMNIS Sample Robot S, OMNIS Dosing Modules, and an

OMNIS Advanced Titrator equipped with an Optrode (Figure 1).



Figure 1. Fully automated system consisting of an OMNIS Sample Robot S, OMNIS Dosing Modules, and an OMNIS Advanced Titrator equipped with an Optrode.

In the first titration, the total hardness is determined. The calcium hardness is determined in a separate titration. The magnesium hardness is subsequently calculated from the difference of the two titration results.

An appropriate amount of water sample is pipetted into the titration beaker. For the total hardness determination, Eriochrome Black T

indicator solution and a buffer solution (pH 10) consisting of sodium tetraborate and sodium hydroxide are added to the sample. For the calcium hardness determination, sodium hydroxide and hydroxyl naphthol blue indicator solution are added to the sample. The prepared samples are then titrated with standardized EDTA until after the equivalence point.

RESULTS

Results are summarized in **Table 1**. Example titration curves are displayed in **Figures 2** and **3**.

Table 1. Results for the total, calcium, and magnesium hardness according to ASTM D8192 on a fully automated OMNIS system. TH = Total hardness, CaH = Calcium hardness, and MgH = Magnesium hardness, all expressed as mg/L CaCO₃.

Sample (n = 6)	TH (mg/L CaCO ₃)	CaH (mg/L CaCO ₃)	MgH (mg/L CaCO ₃)
Wastewater	261.5 ± 0.2	202.9 ± 0.2	58.6 ± 0.3
Tap water	351.6 ± 0.1	267.1 ± 0.1	84.5 ± 0.1
Leachate	87.8 ± 0.2	75.4 ± 0.3	12.5 ± 0.3

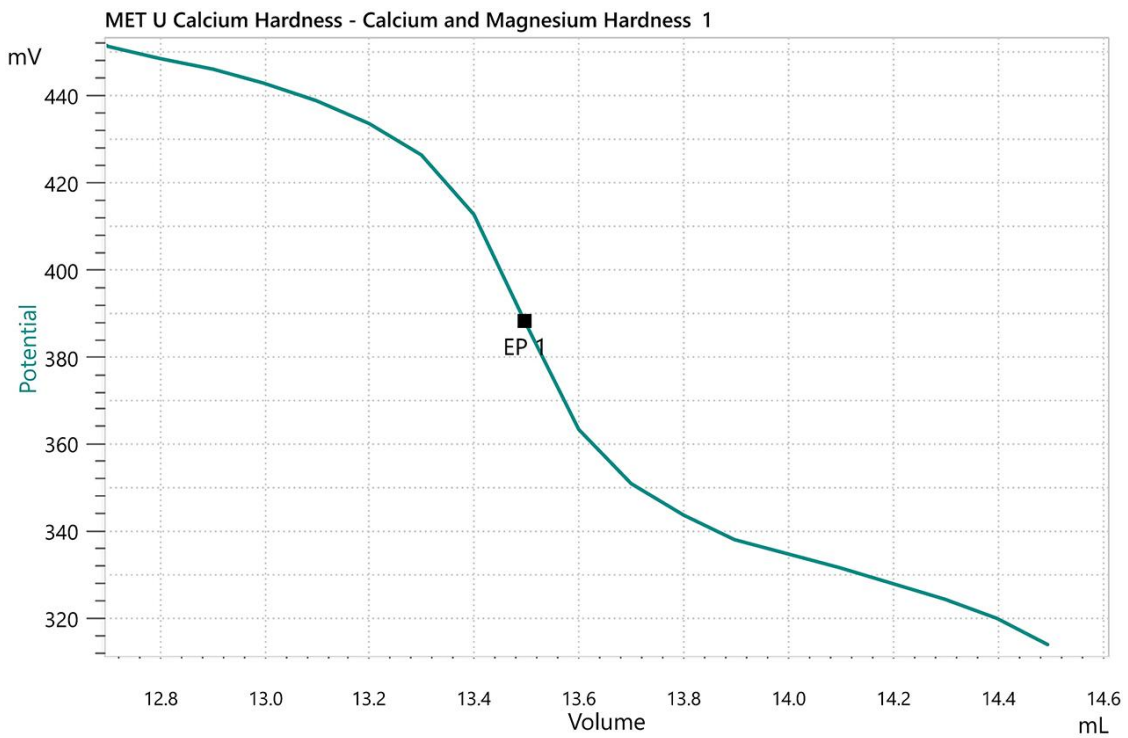


Figure 2. Titration curve of the determination of the calcium hardness (CaH) in tap water.

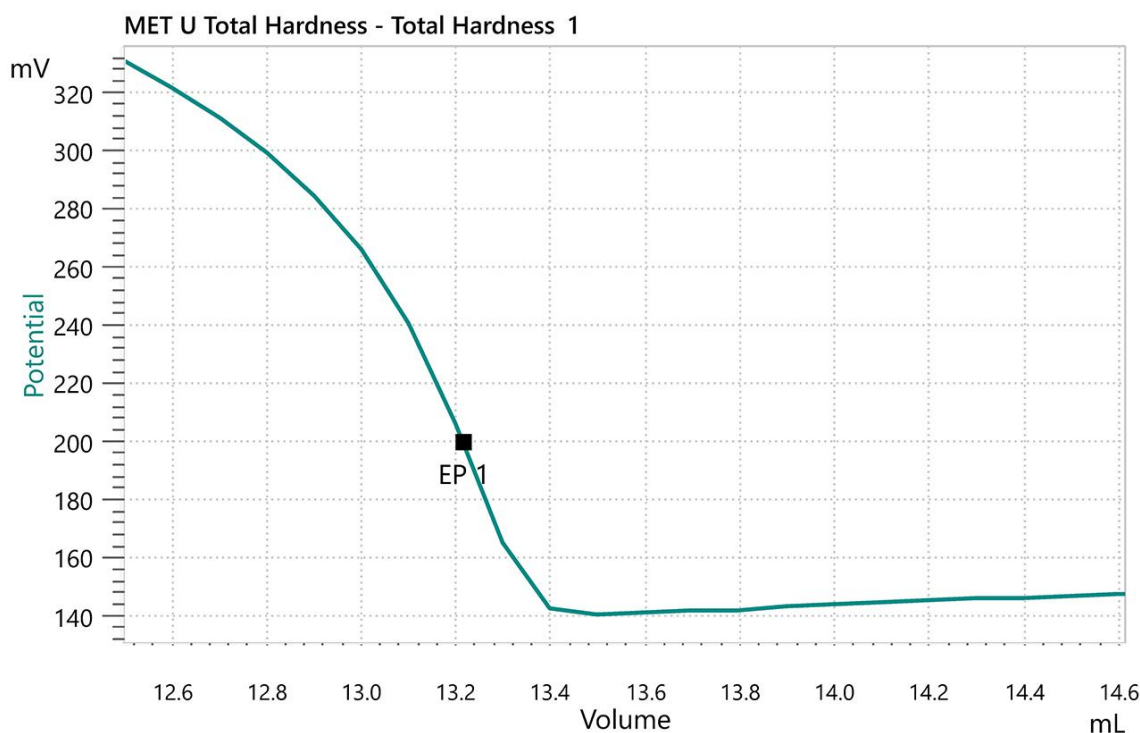


Figure 3. Titration curve of the determination of the total hardness (TH) in wastewater.

CONCLUSION

Determination of the water hardness according to ASTM D8192 using the Optrode ensures objectivity when determining the endpoint in comparison to the subjectivity of the human eye. This results in increased precision and reliability when monitoring water hardness in colored and colorless samples.

Thanks to its glass shaft, the Optrode is very easy to clean and 100% solvent resistant. Additionally, the Optrode is maintenance-free. Its space-saving design allows it to be used conveniently in automated systems.

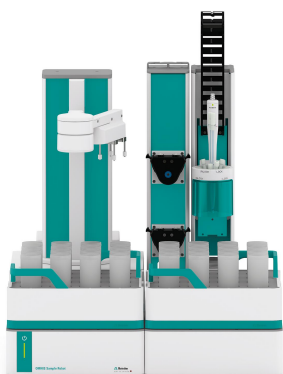
Using a fully automated system further increases the precision and reliability of the determination as all sample preparation steps can be automated. Furthermore, the modularity of the OMNIS system allows the analysis of various other parameters, such as alkalinity or conductivity on one system. Efficiency can be even further improved with the ability to run up to four determinations in parallel on the same OMNIS system. This is regardless of whether it is the same parameter or different parameters.

CONTACT

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CONFIGURATION



OMNIS Sample Robot S Pick and Place

OMNIS Sample Robot S 具有一个“蠕”模(2 通道)和一个 Pick&Place 模以及大量附件,可直接入全自滴定。此系具有个品位置,可用于 32 个 120 mL 的品。此模化系供已完全安装完,因此可在短内投入行。

系也可根据需要展配外台蠕以及多加一个 Pick&Place 模,由此使通量翻倍。如果需要更多工作台,可将此 Sample Robot 展 L 格款型的 OMNIS Sample Robot,由此可使七个品的品在多四个 Pick&Place 模上并行理,将品通量大四倍。