

# Identification of monomers with Raman spectroscopy

Polymers are comprised of macromolecules that are in turn comprised of numerous identical or similar structural units that are referred to as monomers. This Application Note shows the convenient identification of conventional monomers within seconds using the portable Mira M-1 spectrometer. Monomers such as

styrol, various alkyl methacrylates, divinylbenzene, ethylene glycol, phenol, terephthalic acid and urea have been investigated. Additives or inhibitors such as benzoquinone can be identified quickly and unambiguously.

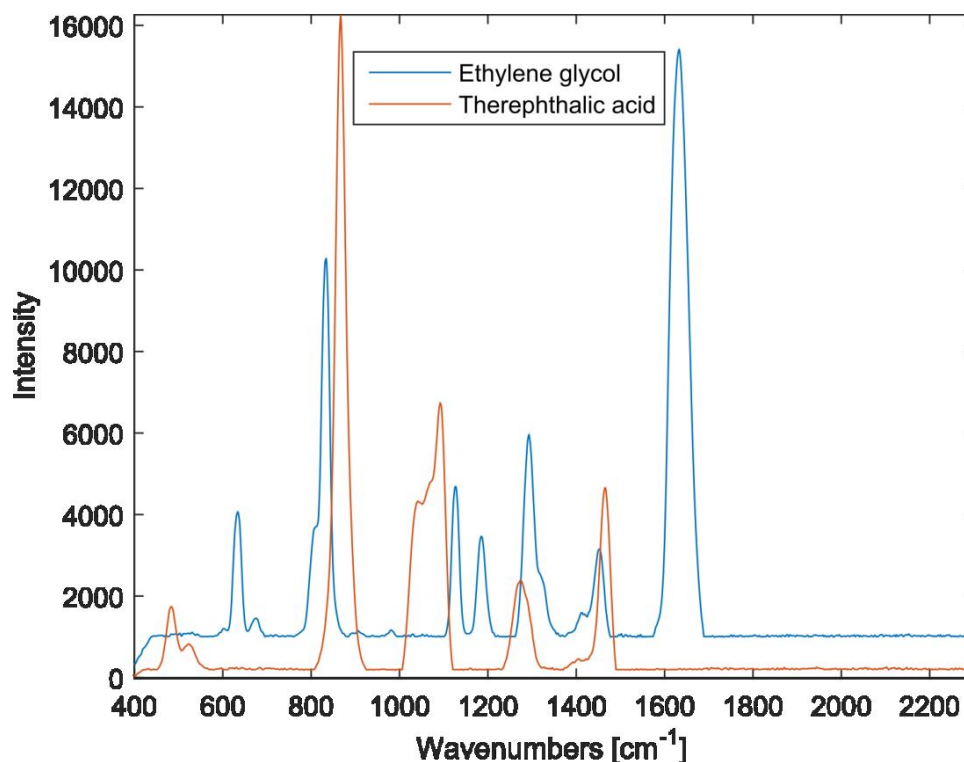
## INTRODUCTION

Today's industry, but also daily life, cannot be imagined without polymers. With the variety of the available polymers on the market, the number of monomers and especially additives, used to endow the polymers with special properties, is enormous.

Many polymer manufacturers, if not all, use their own special mixtures and additives, commonly carrying proper names, making it hard to get an

idea of the function of certain additives. Nevertheless, all use the same monomers, which also means, that every polymer manufacturer will profit from a quick raw material check before feeding the raw materials into their polymerization process.

In this study, a library of commonly used monomers was built and subsequently used for the identification of unknown monomers.



**Figure 1.** Raman spectra of ethylene glycol and terephthalic acid

## EXPERIMENTAL

All spectra were measured using the Mira M-1 handheld Raman spectrometer in auto-acquisition mode, i.e. integration times were determined automatically. A laser wavelength of 785 nm and the Orbital-Raster-Scan (ORS) technique were used. Some of the monomers were filled into vials and analyzed

using the vial holder attachment, while other samples were analyzed directly in their plastic container using the long working distance (LWD) lens.

The following monomers were used in this study:

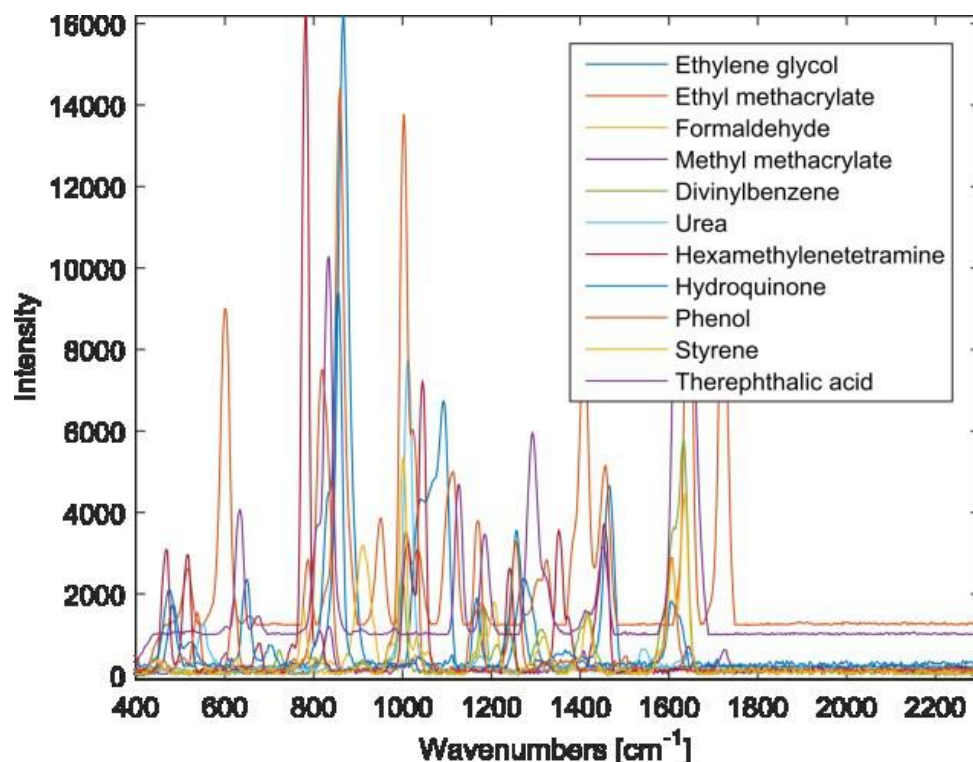
Monomer	Meas. mode	Usage
Divinylbenzene (DVB)	LWD	Styrene-DVB Copolymer (S-DVB)
Ethylene glycol	vial	Polyethylene terephthalate (PET)
Ethyl methacrylate	vial/LW	Paraloid B-72 (thermoplastic resin used for surface coatings and coservations)
Formaldehyde	vial	Polyoxymethylene (POM), Bakelite, urea-formaldehyde (UF), melamine-formaldehyde (MF)
Urea	vial	Urea-formaldehyde (UF)

Hexamethylenetetramine (HMTA)	vial	Hardening component for phenolic resins
Hydroquinone	vial	Polyether ether ketone (PEEK)
Methyl methacrylate (MMA)	LWD	Poly(methyl methacrylate) (PMMA)
Phenol	vial	Bisphenol-A (a precursor to polycarbonates and epoxide resins)
Styrene	vial	Polystyrene (PS), S-DVB
Therephthalic acid	vial	Polyethylene terephthalate (PET)

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

To build the library, the samples were measured in vials but also with the LWD lens through amber bottles. Using the Mira Cal software, the

spectra were investigated to check for visible differences between the monomers. **Figure 2** shows an overlay of all the analyzed monomers.



**Figure 2.** Overlay of the analysed monomers.

When using Mira in its autonomous mode, i.e., mode, without the use of the Mira Cal software, secure identification of the monomers was

achieved, and the correlation coefficients were always greater 0.95.

## CONCLUSIONS

This study shows that Mira M-1 can be used to unambiguously identify polymer raw materials used to produce commonly used polymers such as PET, POM and PEEK by measuring their spectra and matching them with a library. The

identification takes just a few seconds. Additionally, additives or inhibitors such as benzoquinone can be quickly and unambiguously identified.

## CONTACT

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## CONFIGURATION



### MIRA P Advanced

Metrohm Instant Raman Analyzer (MIRA) Pは、迅速な非破壊的計測および薬品有効成分や賦形剤などの様々な物質の検査に使用できる、高性能な携帯型ラマン分光計です。サイズはコンパクトですが、MIRA Pは非常に堅固で、弊社独自の軌道ラスタースキャン技術 (Orbital Raster Scan Technologie, ORS) を備えた作業効率の高い分光技術構造を有しています。MIRA PはFDA規則 21 CFR Part 11の要件を満たしています。

Advanced Packageには、物質を直接、またはオリジナル容器で分析することか可能なアタッチメントレンズ (レーサークラス3b)、およびガラスハイアル中のサンプル分析のためのハイアルホルターアタッチメント (レーサークラス1) が含まれています。