

Application Note AN-R-029

Oxidation stability of cosmetic and pharmaceutical raw materials

Fast and extensive determination without sample preparation

Raw materials used for manufacturing pharmaceutical and cosmetic products tend to oxidize. The demands on the quality of these goods are growing worldwide. Customers and producers want the highest quality in terms of manufacturing, processing, and of course origin. Therefore, producers need to know which raw materials meet these requirements. Furthermore, organic products play an increasingly important role.

Using the Rancimat method, the oxidation stability of cosmetic and pharmaceutical raw

materials can be determined quickly and reliably. The sample is analyzed without any preparation, and the induction time can be related directly to the oxidation stability of the sample.

This Application Note demonstrates the feasibility of the Rancimat method. Using the 892 Professional Rancimat, reproducible and accurate determination of the oxidation stability of different raw materials used for the production of cosmetic oils is possible.



SAMPLE AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

All natural oils were measured directly with the Rancimat. In this application note, only a small

EXPERIMENTAL

For analysis, an appropriate amount of the raw material is weighed into the reaction vessel and the analysis is started.

With the Rancimat method, the sample is exposed to an airflow at a constant temperature between 100–180 °C. Highly volatile secondary oxidation products are transferred into the measuring vessel with the airflow, where they are absorbed in the measuring solution. Here, the conductivity is continuously registered. The secondary oxidation products lead to an increase in the conductivity. The time until occurrence of this marked conductivity increase is referred to as the «induction time», which is a good indicator for the oxidation stability. selection is shown. On request, the determination database can be obtained.



Figure 1. Determination of the oxidation stability of refined mango butter. Induction time is determined at 5.22 h.

Analyte (n = 4)	Mean value (h)	SD(abs) (h)	SD(rel) (%)
Almond oil, cold-pressed, org. and demeter	2.64	0.06	2.2
Argan oil, deodorized, org.	5.56	0.10	1.7
Cashew oil, CO ₂ extraction, org.	6.55	0.18	2.8
Coconut oil, org.	76.05	0.79	1.0
Mango butter, refined	11.15	0.22	1.9

Table 1. Results of the oxidation stability of a selection of different raw materials with the 892 Professional Rancimat. Four-fold determinations were carried out for each oil type.

RESULTS

Here, you will find only a small selection of cosmetic oils that were tested. For the complete list of tested oils (> 50) please ask your local

Metrohm sales representative. Overall, the demonstrated method delivers acceptable values for all samples with SD(rel) 10%.



CONCLUSION

Most natural oils for the cosmetics industry can be measured directly with the Rancimat for their oxidation stability. In order to guarantee a constant high quality of the finished product, high quality of the raw product is essential. With the Rancimat you can determine this parameter easily and simultaneously on eight different positions.

Internal reference: AW ST CH7-0174-042020

CONTACT

メトロームジャパン株式会 社 143-0006 東京都大田区平 和島6-1-1 null 東京流通センター アネ ックス9階

CONFIGURATION



metrohm.jp@metrohm.jp

892 Professional Rancimat

892 フロフェッショナルランシマットは、長年世界 て使われているランシマットメソットによって自然 の油脂およひ油の酸化安定性を簡単かつ安全に測定 するための分析システムてす。加熱フロック2つに 8つの測定ホシションかあります。内蔵式ティスフ レイには装置およひそれそれの個々の測定ホシショ ンのステータスか表示されます。各測定ホシション のスタートキーによって装置の測定をスタートてき ます。洗浄にかかる手間およひコストは、実用的て ある使い捨て反応容器およひ洗浄機に耐えられる付 属品の使用によって最小限に抑えることかてきます 。これによって時間とコストを削減し、精度と再現 性を著しく改善することかてきます。測定実施のた めに必要な全ての付属品は同梱されています。装置 の制御、テータの記録、評価、保存のためには、 StabNetソフトウェアか必要てす。

