



Application Note AN-T-025

Teneur en peroxyde d'hydrogène dans les solutions aqueuses

Reliable and inexpensive determination according to ASTM D2180

Peroxides are often used for disinfection and water treatment purposes due to their antiseptic properties. Lower concentrations between 0.3–3% are used in households, while higher concentrations can be used for sterilization purposes.

Additionally, peroxides are utilized as oxidizing and bleaching agents. They are used for pulp and paper bleaching, as well as a mild whitener in laundry detergents and some cosmetic dental products.

Peroxides, perborates, and percarbonates can easily be determined by titration. This application note presents two titration methods for peroxide analysis. The first method is performed according to **ASTM D2180**, and is suitable for samples such as bleaching components or concentrated hydrogen peroxide solutions. The second method for the determination of traces of hydrogen peroxide is suitable for aqueous samples with concentrations as low as 0.4 mg/L.

SAMPLE AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

This application study is demonstrated on aqueous solutions containing various hydrogen peroxide concentrations ranging from 0.4 mg/L to 32%.

Samples with traces of H_2O_2 do not require any sample preparation. Samples with higher

concentrations are diluted with deionized water. Both sample size and dilution factor should be chosen depending on the expected peroxide content. Ideally, an aliquot of the diluted sample results in an equivalence point of approximately 10 mL.

EXPERIMENTAL

The analysis is performed on an OMNIS Advanced Titrator equipped with a combined Pt ring electrode according to **ASTM D2180**. Before titration, the sample is acidified with sulfuric acid. In case of trace amounts, the sulfuric acid is modified to contain manganese sulfate as a catalyst. This modification

allows a lower method detection limit.

Samples are titrated with potassium permanganate until after the equivalence point is reached. For samples with trace amounts of hydrogen peroxides, a lower titrant concentration is used.

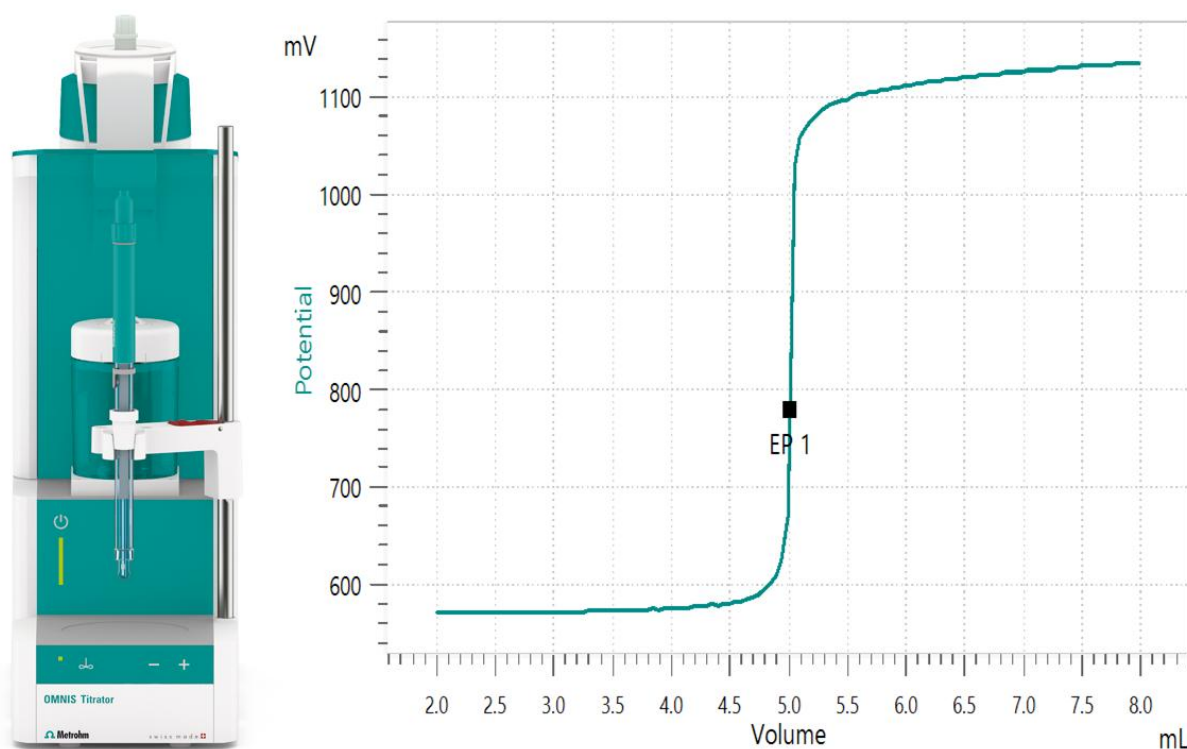


Figure 1. OMNIS Advanced Titrator and an example titration curve. (Left) OMNIS Advanced Titrator equipped with a digital Pt ring electrode for the determination of peroxides in aqueous solutions. (Right) A titration curve is displayed of sample no. 2 (Table 1) titrated according to ASTM D2180.

RESULTS

Sharp titration curves with a large potential difference are obtained for all tested samples and with both

methods. This results in reproducible results as displayed in **Table 1**.

Table 1. Results of the peroxide determination in various aqueous solutions. Samples 1 and 2 are determined according to ASTM D2180, while samples 3 and 4 are determined according the modified method for trace amounts of peroxides.

No	n	Mean value	SD(abs)	SD(rel)
1	8	32.14%	0.03%	0.09%
2	3	85.82 mg/L	0.83 mg/L	0.97%
3	3	4.27 mg/L	0.01 mg/L	0.23%
4	5	0.40 mg/L	0.01 mg/L	2.50%

CONCLUSION

Titration is a fast and inexpensive method, allowing reliable determination of peroxides in aqueous solutions according to **ASTM D2180**. A modified method for trace concentrations permits accurate and reproducible peroxide determinations as low as 0.4 mg/L.

State-of-the-art OMNIS Titrators from Metrohm

provide a whole new level of titration. The modular design of OMNIS Titrators offers complete application flexibility. The system can be expanded whenever necessary, allowing growth over time. With a resolution of 100,000 steps, maximum dosing accuracy can be achieved, further improving reproducibility.

Internal references: AW TI CH1-1296-012020; AW TI

CH1-0350-0187

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CONFIGURATION



OMNIS Advanced Titrator avec agitateur magnétique
OMNIS Titrator, innovant, modulaire, potentiométrique pour un mode autonome ou en tant que pièce centrale d'un système de titrage OMNIS pour le titrage à point final et à point d'équivalence (monotone/dynamique). Grâce à la technologie 3S de l'adaptateur Liquid Adapter, la manipulation des produits chimiques est plus sûre que jamais. Avec des modules de mesure et des unités de cylindre, le titreur peut être librement configuré et il est possible au besoin d'y ajouter un agitateur à tige. Au besoin, l'OMNIS Advanced Titrator peut être amélioré pour le titrage en parallèle avec la licence fonctionnelle correspondante.

- Commande via PC ou un réseau local
- Possibilité de connecter jusqu'à quatre autres modules de titrage ou de dosage pour d'autres applications ou solutions auxiliaires
- Possibilité de connecter un agitateur à tige
- Différentes tailles de cylindre disponibles : 5, 10, 20 ou 50 mL
- Liquid Adapter avec la technologie 3S :
Manipulation de produits chimiques plus sûre, transfert automatique des données originales des réactifs provenant des fabricants

Modes de mesure et options logicielles :

- Titration à point final : licence fonctionnelle « Basic »
- Titration à point final et à point d'équivalence (monotone/dynamique) : licence fonctionnelle « Advanced »
- Titration à point final et à point d'équivalence (monotone/dynamique) avec titrage en parallèle : licence fonctionnelle « Professional »



Titrode dPt

Électrode annulaire de platine numérique combinée pour OMNIS, à membrane de verre pH comme électrode de référence.

Cette électrode ne nécessitant aucune maintenance convient aux titrages Redox sous pH constant, par ex. en :

- Iodométrie
- Chromatométrie
- Cérimétrie
- Permanganométrie

Cette électrode est conservée dans l'eau distillée.

Les dTrodes peuvent être utilisées sur les OMNIS Titrator.