



Application Note AN-P-086

Quality assurance of instant coffee

Free and total carbohydrate determination with IC-PAD according to AOAC 996.04 and ISO 11292

Coffee is an extremely popular beverage with a significant economic importance. Quality assurance, including tracing adulterants in coffee, is therefore an established process and a requirement for consumers. Carbohydrates which make up to 50% of raw coffee beans function as flavor, viscosity, and aroma agents [1]. They also serve as authenticity tracers, because unadulterated soluble coffee is exclusively made from pure roasted coffee [2,3]. There are clear specification criteria for the quality assessment by ISO 24114 and AFCASOLE (e.g., a limit of <2.46% total glucose and

<0.45% total xylose expressed as mass fractions of total carbohydrates) [3]. AOAC 996.04 and ISO 11292 give analytical requirements for instant coffee quality tests regarding analysis of free and total carbohydrates. Ion chromatography (IC) allows precise quantification of the mandatory analytes arabinose, fructose, galactose, glucose, mannose, sucrose, mannitol, and xylose according to AOAC and ISO. The presented IC method is extremely sensitive and overcomes a very common challenge of possible analyte coelutions, such as with rhamnose.

SAMPLE AND SAMPLE PREPARATION

Instant coffee powders (≈ 300 mg per 100 mL) of two instant coffee brands (Jacobs coffee GOLD and a customer sample) were prepared as described in AOAC and ISO to determine the amount of free carbohydrates (arabinose, fructose, galactose, glucose, mannose, sucrose, and mannitol) and total carbohydrates (arabinose, galactose, glucose, mannose, xylose, and mannitol) after acid hydrolyzation.

For the determination of free carbohydrates, coffee powders were dissolved in 100 mL ultrapure water (UPW) and then filtered ($0.25 \mu\text{m}$). For total carbohydrate analysis, coffee powders were hydrolyzed in HCl (0.1 mol/L) at 100°C (150 minutes), diluted to 100 mL with UPW, and filtered with an Ag^+ - H^+ -cartridge combination. A final dilution (10 to 50-fold) is recommended with UPW.

EXPERIMENTAL

The carbohydrates specified above for dissolved (free) and total carbohydrate analysis were baseline separated on a Metrosep Carb 2 column with a binary high-pressure gradient combined with a flow

gradient (940 Professional IC Vario ONE/HPG configuration) (**Figure 1**). Amperometric detection was performed after PCR with 300 mmol/L NaOH to improve the detection sensitivity of the method.

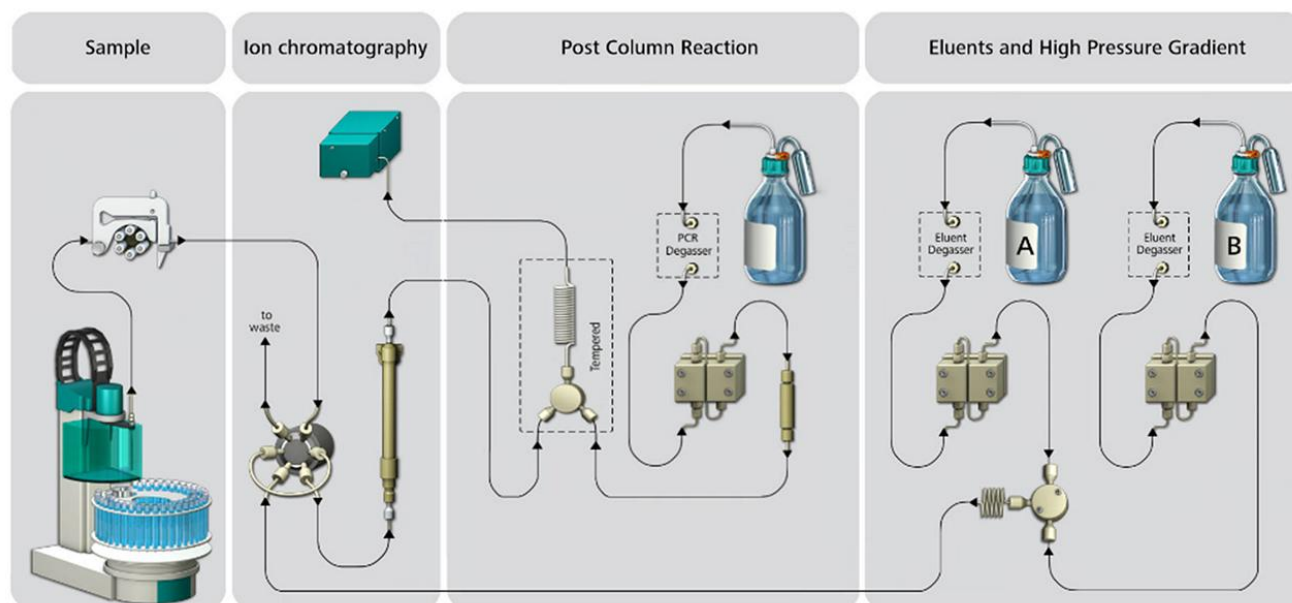


Figure 1. Schematic showing the sample flow path from sample introduction with an 858 Professional Sample Processor, to the 940 Professional IC with column (Metrosep Carb 2 - 250/4.0), amperometric detector (Wall-Jet cell with Au and Pd electrodes), and the high pressure gradient pumps for eluent A (UPW) and B (200 mmol/L NaOH and 1 mmol/L NaAc). To increase sensitivity, 300 mmol/L NaOH is added as a PCR (Post Column Reaction) solution. Chromatography for anions is often referred as HPAEC (high performance anion exchange chromatography) but is simplified here to the generic term of IC.

RESULTS

For the two analyzed instant coffee samples, the free carbohydrate content (results not shown) after dissolution in UPW ranged from 0.2 to 27 g/kg. The mass fractions show unique patterns for both samples. In the Jacobs brand, arabinose and mannose dominate (≈ 35 mass%), while the largest peaks for the customer-provided instant coffee brand corresponded to glucose (≈ 20 mass%) and fructose (almost 40 mass%).

Total carbohydrate content after acid hydrolysis is especially crucial for quality control and purity assessment (Table 1). ISO 24114 set limitations for

total glucose and xylose of 2.32 and 0.42%, respectively. The total carbohydrate content of both tested samples show a distinct distribution (Table 1 and Figure 2). Both brands contain similar fractions of galactose and arabinose. Glucose, mannose, and xylose contents differ in a broader range.

Looking more closely at the quality criteria, the purity of Jacobs coffee GOLD can be approved as unadulterated product. The customer-provided brand indicates adulteration and would fail a respective control.

Table 1. Carbohydrate concentrations (g/kg) determined by IC-PCR- PAD after acid hydrolysis in two instant coffee samples (Jacobs coffee GOLD and a customer sample). The total carbohydrate content is expressed as the individual mass fractions (M%) of mannitol, arabinose, galactose, glucose, mannose, and xylose (ISO 11292). Additionally, quantification of rhamnose, fructose, ribose and sucrose is possible (Figure 2). Purity indicators are given by the limits for total glucose ($<2.32\%$) and total xylose ($<0.42\%$) (ISO 24114:2011).

	Jacobs (g/kg) [M%]	Customer (g/kg) [M%]
Mannitol	ND	9 [2.6%]
Arabinose	28.3 [6.5%]	36 [10.2%]
Galactose	190.0 [43.9%]	197.8 [56.2%]
Glucose	6.3 [1.5%]	34.2 [9.7%]
Mannose	207.1 [47.8%]	68.5 [19.4%]
Xylose	1.2 [0.3%]	6.7 [1.9%]
Total carbohydrate content	436.9 [100%]	352.2 [100%]

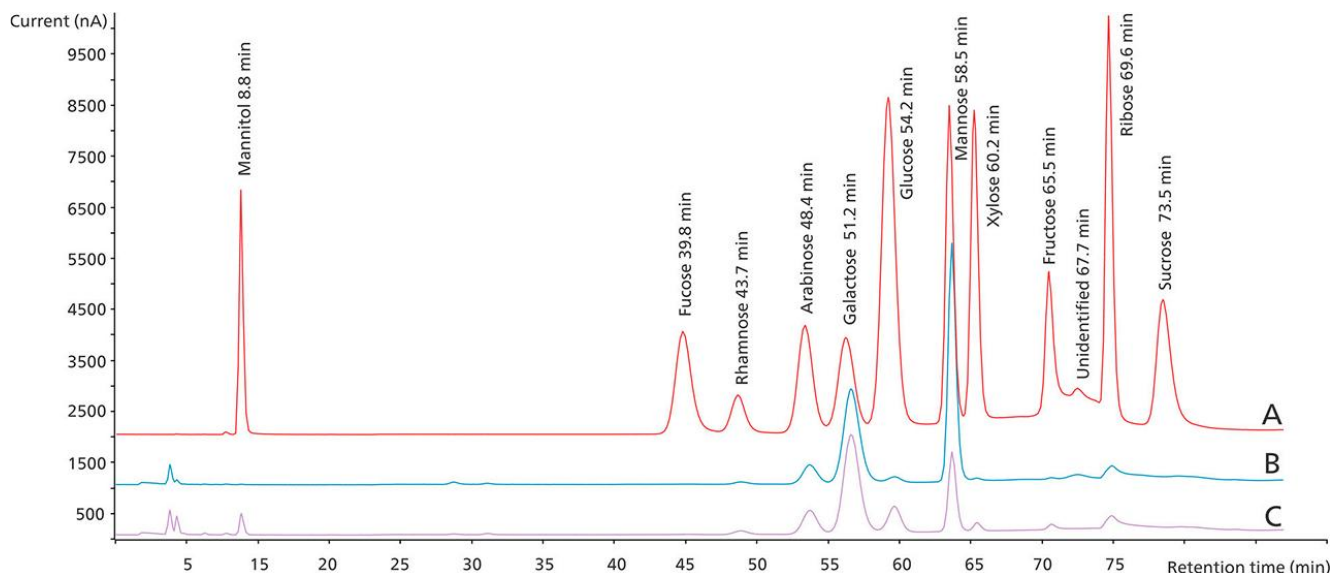


Figure 2. Chromatogram overlay of (A) a 5 mg/kg mixed carbohydrate standard and the diluted (1:10) samples of (B) Jacobs coffee and (C) customer instant coffee after acid hydrolysis. The separation and detection were performed according to the setup listed in Figure 1. For better performance, quantification of fructose and ribose should be performed using peak height.

CONCLUSION

With the presented method the requirements of **AOAC 996.04** and **ISO 11292** for the determination of dissolved and total carbohydrates in instant coffee are fulfilled. An excellent separation of the required carbohydrates can be achieved by combination of a binary high-pressure gradient and a flow gradient on a Metrosep Carb 2 column. An additional benefit of this method eliminates peak overlap between rhamnose and arabinose, an overall constraint of the

ISO-method. Overall, the precise quantification of all required carbohydrates plus fucose and ribose can be performed.

Automation and Inline Sample Preparation are additional improvements to increase the sample throughput and save laboratory time and money.

IC with amperometric detection is a robust, highly specific and precise valuable addition for analytical laboratories performing carbohydrate analysis.

REFERENCES

1. Araya and Rao (2007), *Crit Rev Food Sci Nutr.* 47(1), 51–67.
2. Girard et al. (2006), *J AOAC Int.* 89(4), 99–1003.
3. AFCASOLE (Association of European producers of soluble coffee) statement on the authenticity of soluble coffees of 6 July 1995; as confirmed by the ECF (European Coffee Federation, legal successor of AFCASOLE) in January 2007.

CONTACT

Metrohm France
13, avenue du Québec - CS
90038
91978 VILLEBON
COURTABOEUF CEDEX

info@metrohm.fr

CONFIGURATION

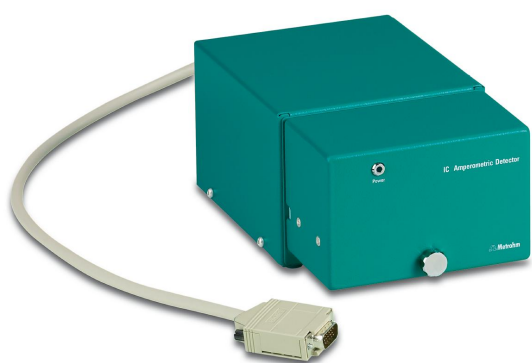


940 Professional IC Vario ONE/HPG

Le 940 Professional IC Vario ONE/HPG est l'appareil CI intelligent **sans suppression** avec **gradient haute pression binaire**. Il peut être développé avec le 942 Extension Module jusqu'au niveau d'un système gradient quaternaire. L'appareil peut être utilisé avec n'importe quelles méthodes de séparation et de détection.

Domaines d'application typiques :

- Analyse des glucides par détection ampérométrique pulsée (PAD) après élution des gradients
- Applications de gradients avec détection UV/VIS avec ou sans dérivation post-colonne



IC Amperometric Detector

Détecteur ampérométrique compact et intelligent destiné aux appareils CI intelligents. Ses quatre modes de mesure (DC, PAD, flexIPAD et CV) autorisent une excellente sélectivité ainsi qu'un excellent rapport signal/bruit et la grande rapidité de la disponibilité de mesure ; toutes ces caractéristiques garantissent l'extrême précision de la mesure.



Metrosep Carb 2 - 250/4,0

La colonne CI Metrosep Carb 2 - 250/4,0 convient particulièrement à la détermination des hydrates de carbone en utilisant les éluants alcalins et la détection ampérométrique pulsée. La colonne d'échange d'anions de haute capacité est basée sur un copolymère styrène/divinylbenzène. Elle est stable dans la plage de pH = 0–14 et sépare les monosaccharides et les disaccharides. Elle convient en outre à l'analyse des alcools de sucre, des sucres anhydres, des osamines, etc. Le modèle 250 mm de la colonne de séparation Metrosep Carb 2 est optimisée pour les séparations complexes.



858 Professional Sample Processor – Pump

Le 858 Professional Sample Processor – Pump traite des échantillons de 500 µL à 500 mL. Le transfert des échantillons s'opère soit au moyen de la pompe péristaltique bidirectionnelle à deux voies intégrée soit par un 800 Dosino.



942 Extension Module Vario HPG

Le 942 Extension Module Vario HPG est un module d'extension pour la famille d'appareils Professional IC Vario. Il permet l'apport d'un autre éluant dans un **système à gradient haute pression** Professional IC Vario.

Applications typiques

- Systèmes à gradient haute pression avec quatre éluants au maximum



Équipement CI cellule Wall-Jet : Carb (Au, Pd)

Équipement comprenant une cellule Wall-Jet avec accessoires en supplément. Pour méthode analytique des hydrates de carbone avec une électrode de travail en or et une électrode de référence en Pd.



MagIC Net 4.0 Professional : 1 licence

Programme PC professionnel pour le contrôle de tous les systèmes Professional IC intelligents, des appareils Compact IC et leurs périphériques, de tous les détecteurs et des différents passeurs d'échantillons, du 800 Dosino, du 771 Compact Interface, etc. Le logiciel assure le contrôle, permet d'enregistrer, d'évaluer et de contrôler les données, ainsi que de générer les rapports d'analyses par chromatographie ionique.

Interface utilisateur graphique pour les opérations de routine, programmes gestionnaires de base de données complets, développement de méthodes, configuration et panneau de configuration manuel ; administration des utilisateurs très adaptable, opérations de bases de données performantes, fonctions d'exportation de données complètes, générateur de rapports personnalisable, commande et contrôle de tous les composants du système et des résultats de chromatographie.

MagIC Net Professional satisfait totalement à la directive FDA 21 CFR Part 11 ainsi qu'aux BPL.

MagIC Net est disponible dans 16 langues de dialogue : allemand, anglais, chinois, chinois traditionnel, français, italien, espagnol, portugais, bulgare, tchèque, hongrois, japonais, coréen, russe, slovaque, polonais

1 licence

L'installation et les documents sont fournis sur une clé USB.