



Application Note AN-PAN-1009

Online analysis of ammonia, nitrate, and nitrite in wastewater

Water is the source and basis of all life. As a solvent and transporting agent, it carries not only vital minerals and nutrients, but also, increasingly, harmful pollutants which accumulate in aquatic or terrestrial organisms.

Because of the associated health risks, the World Health Organization (WHO) has issued guideline values for about 200 substances found in water, including nitrogen compounds such as ammonia (NH_3), nitrate (NO_3^-), and nitrite (NO_2^-). Therefore, the

treatment of wastewater is a critical topic and compliance with the legal limits is very important to help safeguard the environment from these mobile pollutants.

This Process Application Note deals with online measurements of ammonia, nitrite, and nitrate in wastewater treatment plants. These nitrogen compounds are analyzed simultaneously using a drift-free colorimetric measurement in a multi-parameter process analyzer from Metrohm Process Analytics.

INTRODUCTION

The importance of nutrient removal in the form of nitrogen and phosphorus in industrial and municipal wastewater has increased significantly over the past decade to minimize water pollution and avoid eutrophication of water bodies. Nitrogen is present in wastewater as mostly organic nitrogen, ammonium/ammonia, and nitrate. This wastewater must be properly treated to meet stringent effluent requirements imposed by legislation.

Biological nutrient removal (BNR) processes are put in place at modern wastewater treatment plants (WWTP) to treat and remove the nitrogen compounds, and these involve both nitrification and denitrification process steps. Nitrification

(**Reaction 1A**) takes place in the aeration basin (**Figure 1**) where ammonium is oxidized to nitrate via nitrite using oxygen and different species of nitrifiers (bacteria). During subsequent denitrification (**Reaction 1B**), the nitrate is further converted to nitrogen gas (N_2) using specialized heterotrophic bacteria in the absence of oxygen (i.e., anoxic zone). The N_2 formed is harmlessly released into the atmosphere. It is therefore very important to measure the ammonia, nitrate, and nitrite concentrations continuously throughout both process steps to ensure complete nitrogen oxidation and subsequent nitrogen gas conversion.

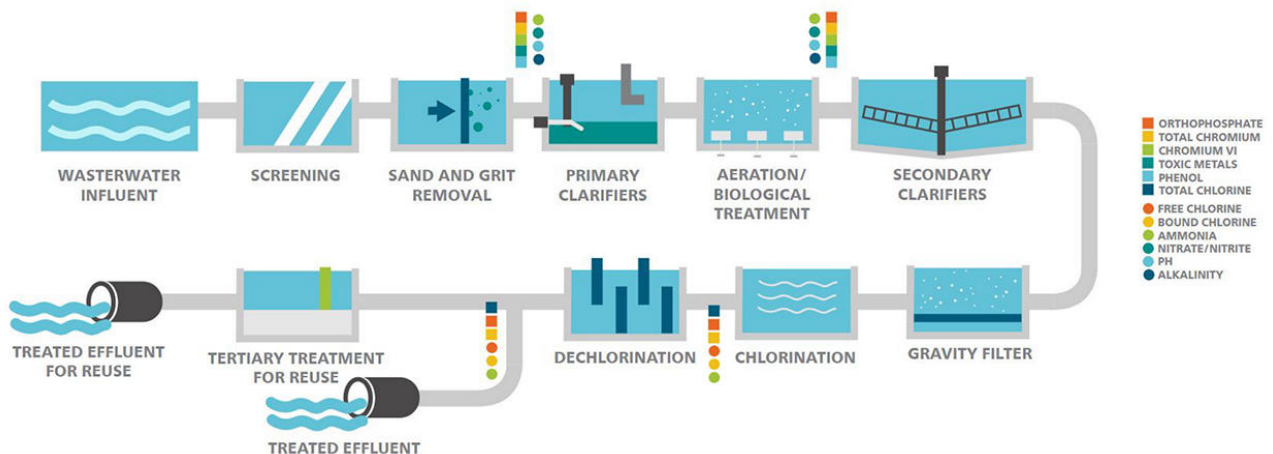
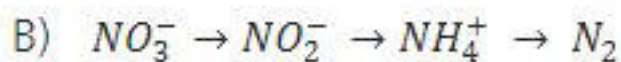
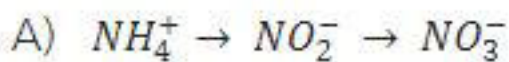


Figure 1. Illustrated diagram of process analyzer locations and measurement parameters in the wastewater treatment process.

INTRODUCTION



Reaction 1. Overall reaction of biological nitrogen conversion in wastewater treatment plants. (A) Nitrification and (B) denitrification.

INTRODUCTION

An increase in ammonia and nitrite levels in the effluent indicate that either an insufficient aeration step or a change in toxicity or pH is disturbing the nitrification process. On the other hand, an increase of nitrate in the effluent can indicate that the anoxic zone is not developing correctly or the Biochemical (or Biological) Oxygen Demand (BOD) food source in the effluent is lower than usual.

The ammonia and nitrate/nitrite content must be constantly monitored in wastewater effluent to ensure environmental compliance. Traditionally, these parameters can be measured by laboratory analysis. However, this methodology does not provide «real-time» results and requires constant maintenance and human intervention to adapt to

current operation conditions. Robust self-cleaning online process analyzers are the only reliable measurement solution for industrial, sewage, and municipal wastewater applications with high concentrations of solids and bacteria.

Metrohm Process Analytics offers a multi-parameter process analyzer solution for the simultaneous analysis of ammonia, nitrate, and nitrite over a wide concentration range covering all influent and effluent requirements—the **2060 TI Process Analyzer (Figure 2)**. This process analyzer can also monitor nitrogen compounds online, guaranteeing high nutrient treatment efficiency and low operating and energy costs.



Figure 2. 2060 TI Process Analyzer for wastewater treatment plants.

APPLICATION

NH_3 , NO_3^- , and NO_2^- can be analyzed simultaneously using a drift-free photometric measurement. The 2060 TI Process Analyzer is able

to measure a wide range of NO_2^- , NO_3^- , and $\text{NH}_3/\text{NH}_4^+$ concentrations, from g/L to mg/L (**Table 1**).

Table 1. WWTP measurement parameters and concentration ranges before and after treatment processes.

Parameters	Influent [mg/L]	Effluent [mg/L]
NH_3	0–6000	0–60
NO_3^-	140–1400	0–88
NO_2^-	160–320	0–16

REMARKS

Other parameters like Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), free and total phosphate, total nitrogen, pH, heavy metals, chlorine, and more can be measured

online in wastewater streams using Metrohm process analyzers.

CONCLUSION

Ammonia, nitrite, and nitrate are important parameters to measure in wastewater treatment plants. For increased analysis frequency, the 2060 TI Process Analyzer from Metrohm Process

Analytics can prevent out-of-specification data of wastewater streams and help to guarantee compliance with governmental regulations.

RELATED APPLICATION NOTES

[AN-PAN-1039 Ortho- and total phosphate phosphorus analysis online according to EN ISO 6878](#)

[AN-PAN-1030 Monitoring of chromate in wastewater](#)

[streams](#)

[AN-PAN-1002 Free, total & WAD cyanide in gold leach slurry & wastewater](#)

[8.000.5358 Environmental Testing Industry I - Online Analyzers for Municipal Wastewater Analysis](#)

[8.000.5359 Environmental Testing Industry II - Online Analyzers for Potable Water Processing](#)

BENEFITS FOR ONLINE PROCESS ANALYSIS

- **Fully automated diagnostics** – automatic alarms for when samples are out of specification parameters.
- **Guarantee compliance** with governmental regulations.
- **Avoid unnecessary costs** by measuring multiple parameters simultaneously in a process stream.



CONTACT

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CONFIGURATION



2060 Process Analyzer

Der 2060 Process Analyzer ist ein Online-Analysengerät für die Nass-Chemie, das sich für zahlreiche Anwendungen eignet. Dieser Prozessanalysator bietet ein neues Baukastensystem, das eine zentrale Plattform hat, den sogenannten „Basisschrank“.

Der Basisschrank besteht aus zwei Teilen. Der obere Teil enthält einen Touchscreen sowie einen Industrie-PC. Im unteren Teil befindet sich der flexible Nassteil, in dem die Hardware für die eigentliche Analyse untergebracht ist. Wenn die Kapazität des Nassteils aus der Grundausstattung nicht ausreicht, um eine analytische Herausforderung zu bewältigen, kann der Basisschrank auf bis zu vier weitere Nassteilschränke erweitert werden. So lässt sich sicherstellen, dass selbst für die anspruchsvollsten Anwendungen genügend Platz vorhanden ist. Die zusätzlichen Schränke lassen sich so konfigurieren, dass jeder Nassteilschrank zwecks Erhöhung der Betriebszeit des Analysengeräts mit einem Reagenzienschrank, der über eine integrierte (kontaktlose) Füllstandserfassung verfügt, kombiniert werden kann.

Der 2060 Process Analyzer bietet verschiedene nasschemische Methoden: Titration, Karl-Fischer-Titration, Photometrie, Direktmessung und Standardadditionsverfahren.

Zur Erfüllung aller Projektanforderungen (oder all Ihrer Bedürfnisse) sind auch Probenaufbereitungssysteme erhältlich, die eine stabile Analyselösung garantieren. Wir können jedes Probenaufbereitungssystem liefern, unter anderem zum Kühlen oder Heizen, Druckmindern oder Entgasen, Filtrieren und für vieles mehr.