

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Surfactrode refill paste

SDS Number: AA10487-0000000009

In accordance with the Standard for Classification and Labeling of Chemical Substance and Safety Data Sheet,  
Article 10 Paragraph 1

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

A. Product name : Surfactrode refill paste

B. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Laboratory chemicals.

C. Manufacturer / Importer / Distributor : **Manufacturer**  
**Metrohm AG**  
Ionenstrasse  
9100 Herisau  
Schweiz  
Tel.: +41 (0)71 353 85 85  
Fax: +41 (0)71 353 89 01  
E-Mail: info@metrohm.com  
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Supplier  
**Hwashin Instrument Co., Ltd.**  
10, Nonhyeon-ro 81-Gil  
Gangnam-Gu  
Seoul 06237  
Korea

Tel.: +82 (2) 3450 5600  
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E-Mail: sales@hwashin.net

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : datasheet@metrohm.com

Emergency telephone number of the company : + 49 (0)6132-84463 (24 h, GBK GmbH)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

A. Hazard classification : SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

This product is classified in accordance with the Industrial Safety and Health Act and the Chemical Control Act.

B. GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements

## Section 2. Hazards identification

<b>Prevention</b>	: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
<b>Response</b>	: P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
<b>Storage</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Disposal</b>	: Not applicable.

### C. Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

Ingredient name	Common name	Identifiers	%
Synthetic graphite	-	CAS: 7782-42-5	≥70 - ≤75
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	-	CAS: 8002-74-2	≥20 - ≤25
1,3-didecyl-2-methyl-1H-imidazolium chloride	-	CAS: 70862-65-6	≤10
sodium dodecyl sulphate	-	CAS: 151-21-3	≤5

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- A. Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- B. Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- C. Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- D. Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such

## Section 4. First aid measures

as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

- E. Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### A. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog). Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides  
hydrogen chloride

- C. Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
- Special precautions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- A. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- B. Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### A. Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

**B. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### A. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Synthetic graphite	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	<b>Ministry of Employment and Labor (Republic of Korea, 1/2020).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

**B. Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Personal protective equipment

**C. Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Eye protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### A. Appearance

- Physical state** : Solid. [Paste.]
- Color** : Gray. Black.
- B. Odor** : Odorless.
- C. Odor threshold** : Not available.
- D. pH** :  Not applicable.
- E. Melting/freezing point** : Not available.
- F. Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : Not available.
- G. Flash point** : Not applicable.
- Fire point** : Not available.
- H. Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- I. Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- J. Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not applicable.
- K. Vapor pressure** : Not available.
- L. Solubility in water** : Insoluble.
- M. Vapor density** : Not applicable.
- N. Relative density** : Not available.
- O. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- P. Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable.
- Q. Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- R. Viscosity** : Not applicable.
- S. Molecular weight** : Not applicable.

### Particle characteristics

- Median particle size** : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- A. Chemical stability** : The product is stable.  
**Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- B. Conditions to avoid** : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.
- C. Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing materials
- D. Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

- A. Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.  
**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

## B. Health hazards

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes  sodium dodecyl sulphate	LD50 Dermal [OECD 402]	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	read-across
	LD50 Oral [OECD 401]	Rat - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg	-	read-across
	Inhalation Dusts and mists [Estimated.]	-	1.51 mg/l	4 hours	-
	LD50 Dermal [OECD 402]	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg	-	test substance: CAS no. 142-31-4 (read-across)
	LD50 Oral [OECD 401]	Rat - Female	977 mg/kg	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Irritation/Corrosion

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation	Remarks
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes  sodium dodecyl sulphate	Eyes - Not irritant [OECD 405]	Rabbit	-	1 s	-	read-across
	Skin - Not irritant [OECD 404]	Rabbit	-	4 hours	-	read-across
	Eyes - Severe irritant [OECD 405]	Rabbit	-	-	-	-
	Skin - Irritant [OECD 404]	Rabbit	-	24 hours	-	-

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Causes skin irritation.  
**Eyes** : Causes serious eye irritation.  
**Respiratory** : Not available.

### Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	Remarks
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing [OECD 406]	read-across
sodium dodecyl sulphate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	-

### Conclusion/Summary

**Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.  
**Respiratory** : Not available.

### CMR - ISHA Article 42 Occupational Exposure Limits

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result	Remarks
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes  sodium dodecyl sulphate	Ames	Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Escherichia coli/ Salmonella typhimurium
	-	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative	-
	OECD 474	Subject: Mouse	Negative	-
	OECD 471, Ames	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative	Escherichia coli/ Salmonella typhimurium
	OECD 476	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mouse	Negative	-
	OECD 478	Subject: Mouse	Negative	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
1,3-didecyl-2-methyl-1H-imidazolium chloride	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

#### Chronic toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	Remarks
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	Chronic Dermal	Mouse - Male	≥150 mg/kg	2 years	read-across
	Sub-chronic Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1500 mg/kg	90 days	read-across

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Surfactrode refill paste	24183.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	37.1
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
sodium dodecyl sulphate	977	N/A	N/A	N/A	1.5

## Section 12. Ecological information

### A. Ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	Remarks
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Acute EC50 >120 mg/l	Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours	Static
	Acute EC50 5.55 mg/l [OECD 202]	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours	-
	Acute LC50 29 mg/l [OECD 203]	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours	-

## Section 12. Ecological information

	Chronic NOEC 0.88 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	7 days	US-EPA
	Chronic NOEC ≥1.36 mg/l	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	42 days	ECHA

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### B. Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
sodium dodecyl sulphate	OECD 301B	95 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
sodium dodecyl sulphate	-	-	Readily

### C. Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
sodium dodecyl sulphate	0.83	3.9 to 5.3	Low

### D. Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

**E. Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**A. Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**B. Disposal precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
<b>A. UN number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>B. UN proper shipping name</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>C. Transport hazard class(es)</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.

## Section 14. Transport information

Label			
<b>D. Packing group</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>E. Environmental hazards</b>	No.	Marine Pollutant: No	No.

**F. Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### A. Regulation according to ISHA

**ISHA article 117 (Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)** : None of the components are listed.

**ISHA article 118 (Harmful substances requiring permission)** : None of the components are listed.

### Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:  
Synthetic graphite

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors)** : None of the components are listed.

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement)** : The following components are listed: graphite

**ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up)** : None of the components are listed.

**Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control)** : None of the components are listed.

### B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

**Article 11 (TRI)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27)** : None of the components are listed.

**Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25)** : None of the components are listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

- Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20)** : Not applicable
- Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27)** : None of the components are listed.
- Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals)** : None of the components are listed.

**C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act** : Not available.

**D. Wastes regulation** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**E. Other regulations in Korea and International regulations**

- Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth** : Not applicable.
- Existing Chemical Substances Subject to Registration** : None of the components are listed.

**International regulations**

**Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

**Inventory list**

- Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.
- Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.
- Viet Nam** : All components are listed or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

- A. References** : - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances  
- United States Environmental Protection Agency ECOTOX
- B. Date of issue/Date of revision** : 2023/10/17
- Date of previous issue** : 2023/08/04
- C. Version** : 3
- Date of printing** : 2023/10/18
- Other**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## Section 16. Other information

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
N/A = Not available  
SGG = Segregation Group  
UN = United Nations

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.