Ti Application Note No. T-26

Title:	Perborate, percarbonate or persulphate in washing
	powder
Summary:	Determination of perborate, percarbonate or persulphate in washing
Cumuly!	powder by iodometric potentiometric titration using the Pt Titrode.
Sample:	Washing powders
Sample	
Preparation:	Weigh exactly ca. 0.4 g sample into a 100 mL volumetric flask, «dissolve» in cold, dist. water, fill the flask to the mark and mix the contents.
Instruments and	702 716 or 726 Titring or 726 Titroprocessor
Accessories.	6.0431.100 Pt Titrode
Analysis:	Pipette 25.0 mL of the prepared sample solution into a beaker, then add 20 mL $c(H_2SO_4) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$ and ca. 1 g potassium iodide. Mix to dissolve the iodide, cover the beaker with a watch glass and store it in the dark for 10 min. Then titrate with $c(Na_2S_2O_3) = 0.1 \text{ mol/L}$.
Calculation:	1 mL c(Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃) = 0.1 mol/L corresponds to 7.639 mg Na perborate 6.100 mg Na percarbonate 11.905 mg Na persulphate
	% peroxide compound = EP1 * C01 * C02 / C00
	 EP1 = titrant consumption in mL C00 = ca. 100 (mg of original sample contained in the sample volume used for the titration)
	C01 = 7.639 or 6.100 or 11.905 (equivalent of the peroxide com- pound in mg/mL, see above)
	C02 = 100 (conversion factor for %)
Remarks:	Results: AVG(4) = 3.36 +/- 0.05 % Na perborate