

## ISE Application Note No. I - 8

Title:	Sulphide content of waste water
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Summary:	Determination of sulphide in waste water by direct potentiometry with the Silversulphide ISE
Sample:	Different waste water samples
Sample Preparation:	(see remarks)
Instruments and Accessories:	692 pH/lon Meter, 725 Dosimat, 728 Magnetic Stirrer, 6.0502.180 Ag <sub>2</sub> S ISE, 6.0726.100 Ag/AgCl reference electrode (c(KCl) = 3 mol/L), printer
Reagents:	Sulphide standard: 5000 mg/L S <sup>2-</sup> , prepared from Na <sub>2</sub> S * 9 H <sub>2</sub> O (37.46 g/L). Titre has to be de determined by potentiometric titration with AgNO <sub>3</sub> .  Antioxidant ISA: Contains 2 mol/L NaOH and 0.2 mol/L each, ascorbic acid and
	Na₂EDTA.
Analysis:	Pipette 50 mL ISA into a beaker and deaerate it with nitrogen. Add 10.0 mL sample. Start the automatic determination by three standard additions and a preselected delta U of 12 mV.
Remarks:	To avoid loss of volatile sulphides in neutral or acidic solutions add $10 \text{ mL c}(\text{NaOH}) = 10 \text{ mol/L}$ to the sample bottle (1 L) prior to sampling. Replace the outer electrolyte of the reference electrode daily. For low sample concentrations use lower standard concentrations. <b>Results:</b> sample a) AVG(3) = 67.2 +/- 0.2 mg/L S <sup>2-</sup> sample b) AVG(3) = 73.3 +/- 1.1 mg/L S <sup>2-</sup> sample c) AVG(3) = 225 +/- 0.5 mg/L S <sup>2-</sup>