## Thermo. Titr. Application Note No. H-115

Title:	Determination of hydrofluoric acid, ammonium fluoride, and maleic acid in acid cleaning solutions		
Scope:	Determination of hydrofluoric acid, ammonium fluoride, and maleic acid in cleaning solutions by thermometric titration (TET).		
Principle:	A direct TET with 2 mol/L NaOH is used to determine the HF, NH <sub>4</sub> F, and maleic acid ( $C_4H_4O_4$ ) contents of acid cleaning solutions. Three endpoints (EPs) are obtained, which may be assigned as follows:		
	EP1: $C_4H_4O_4$ (pKa <sub>1</sub> = 1.9), HF (pKa = 3.17) EP2: $C_4H_4O4$ (pKa <sub>2</sub> = 6.07) EP2: NH <sub>4</sub> F (pKa = 8.2)		
	The HF content is determined by subtracting the difference (EP2-EP1) from EP1.		

Reagents:	2 mol/L NaOH, standardized against potassium hydrogen
	phthalate

Method:	Basic equipment list (for automated titration): 859 Titrotherm interface 814 Sample Processor with 24 place rack, 75 mL PP tubes 802 Magnetic Stirrer with propeller mixer 800 Dosino, 1 x 10 mL burette 6.9011.040 Thermoprobe (fluoride resistant) Basic experimental parameters:						
					Sample size (g):	~2	
					Titrant delivery rate (mL/min)	2	
					ERC EP1(exothermic)	-40	
						ERC EP2 (exothermic)	-100
						ERC EP2 (exothermic)	-25
		Data smoothing factor	40				
		Stirring speed (802 Magnetic Stirrer)	14				
		Evaluation start (mL)	4				
	Damping until (mL)	4					

	Method: Weigh accurately approximately 2 mL of acid cleaning mixture into a plastic titration vessel and add 30 mL D.I. water. Titrate to a third exothermic endpoint with 2 mol/L NaOH. Note: Inflections for EPs 1 and 3 are weak. Some variation from those conditions listed here may be necessary with some setups.				
Results:	Analysis of a synthetic HF-NH <sub>4</sub> F-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>4</sub> O <sub>4</sub> mixture ( $n = 7$ )				
		HF	NH₄F	$C_4H_4O_4$	
	Mean, % Std. dev. %	8.87 0.05	3.72 0.03	3.18 0.13	
Calculations:	HF % = ((EP1- blank, mL-(EP2-EP1))*NaOH mol/L*FW HF*0.1)/sample mass, g NH <sub>4</sub> F % = ((EP3-EP2)*NaOH mol/L*FW NH <sub>4</sub> F*0.1)/sample mass, g $C_4H_4O_4$ % = ((EP2-EP1)*NaOH mol/L*FW $C_4H_4O_4$ *0.1)/sample mass, g Note: in the calculation of HF %, a blank value of 0.05 mL can be assumed for routine process control purposes.				



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