

Application Bulletin 191/3 e

Determination of cysteine and cystine simultaneously by polarography

Summary

After the degradation of biological samples (e.g. milk, wool, etc.), it is often important to know the cystine/cysteine ratio. This Application Bulletin describes the simultaneous, polarographic determination of the two amino acids. The determination is performed in perchloric acid solution at the DME. Samples with a high protein content require that the determination is performed in an alkaline solution.

Instruments

VA instrument

capable of operating a Multi-Mode Electrode and supporting differential pulse (DP) measuring mode

Electrodes

WE	Multi-Mode Electrode pro	6.1246.120
	Mercury drop capillary	6.1226.030
RE	Ag/AgCl reference electrode Ag/AgCl/KCl (3 mol/L)	6.0728.x20
	Electrolyte vessel Filled with c(CH ₃ COOLi) = 1 mol/L (method 1) or c(KCl) = 3 mol/L (method 2)	6.1245.010
AE	Pt rod electrode	6.0343.x00

Reagents

All of the used reagents must be of purest quality possible (for analysis or for trace analysis*).

- Cystine, for analysis, CAS 56-89-3
- Cysteine, for analysis, CAS 52-90-4
- Ultrapure water, resistivity >18 MΩ·cm (25 °C), type I grade (ASTM D1193)

For method 1

- Perchloric acid, w(HClO₄) = 70%, for analysis, CAS 7601-90-3
- Lithium acetate dihydrate, w(LiOOCCH₃·2 H₂O) ≥ 99.0%, for analysis, CAS 6108-17-4

For method 2

- Ammonium hydroxide solution, w(NH₃) = 25%, for analysis, CAS 1336-21-6
- Hydrochloric acid, w(HCl) = 30%, for analysis, CAS 7647-01-0
- Sodium hydroxide solution, c(NaOH) = 2.0 mol/L, CAS 1310-73-2

Method 1: Samples containing few proteins

Summary

Samples without proteins can be determined in perchloric acid solution. The determination limit is heavily dependent on the matrix and lies at approx. 1 mg/L for both substances.

Solutions

Electrolyte	$c(HCIO_4) = 0.1 \text{ mol/L}$		
	4.16 mL perchloric acid are diluted to 500 mL with ultrapure water.		
Li-acetate solution	c(CH ₃ COOLi) = 1 mol/L		
	for reference electrode		

Standard solutions

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Cysteine standard solution	c(cysteine) = 1 g/L in perchloric acid Mix 0.1 g cysteine to a slurry in 20 mL dist. water and dissolve by adding 0.86 mL perchloric acid, then fill up to 100 mL with dist. water.
Cystine standard solution	c(cystine) = 1 g/L in perchloric acid Mix 0.1 g cystine to a slurry in 20 mL dist. water and dissolve by adding 0.86 mL perchloric acid, then fill up to 100 mL with dist. water.



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Analysis

Measuring solution

10 mL diluted sample

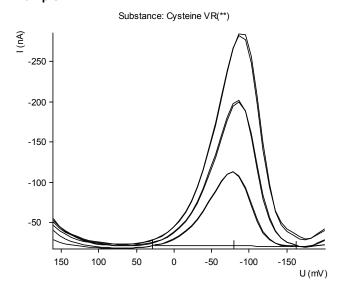
10 mL supporting electrolyte

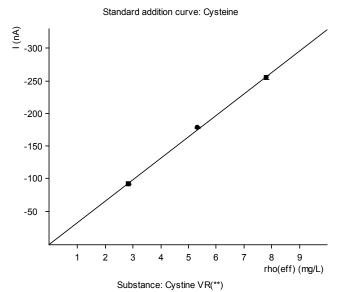
The concentrations are determined by standard addition.

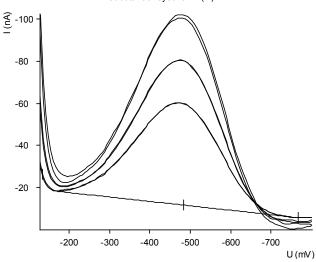
Parameters

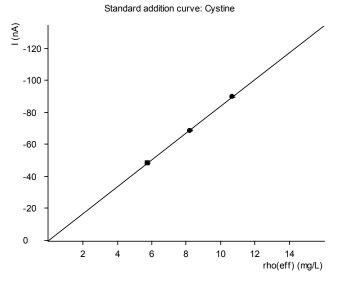
Voltammetric	
Electrode operating mode	DME
Measuring mode	DP – Differential pulse
Stirring rate	2000 min ⁻¹
Equilibration time	30 s
Sweep	
Start potential	0.2 V
End potential	-0.8 V
Potential step	0.006 V
Potential step time	0.6 s
Sweep rate	0.01 V/s
Pulse amplitude	0.05 V
Substance	
Name	Cysteine
Characteristic potential	-0.08 V
Name	Cystine
Characteristic potential	-0.49 V

Example











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Result

Sample size	10.0 mL
β(cysteine)	2.9 mg/L
β(cystine)	5.8 mg/L

Comments

- The peak potentials of both substances shift to slightly more negative values with increasing concentrations.
 The value must perhaps be corrected.
- If the concentrations of cystine and cysteine differ strongly, it is possibly necessary to perform two analyses in various dilutions for the respective substance.

Method 2: Samples with a high protein content

Summary

Samples with a high protein content cannot be determined using perchloric acid as electrolyte, since proteins are precipitated in acidic solutions. Therefore the determination is carried out in ammonium buffer at pH 9.6.

The limit of detection for cysteine is approx. 0.05 mg/L, for cystine approx. 1 mg/L. The determination runs linear for cysteine up to 180 mg/L, for cystine up to 300 mg/L.

Solutions

Ammonia buffer	c(NH ₄ CI) = 1 mol/L		
pH 9.6	$c(NH_3) = 2 \text{ mol/L } (pH 9.6)$		
	112.5 mL NH ₃ + 53 mL HCl, filled		
	up to 500 mL with ultrapure water.		

Standard solutions

Cysteine standard solution	c(cysteine) = 1 g/L Dissolve 0.100 g cysteine in 20 mL ammonium buffer and fill up to 100 mL with dist. water.
Cystine standard solution	c(cystine) = 1 g/L Dissolve 0.100 g cystine in 5 mL sodium hydroxide and fill up to 100 mL with dist. water.

Analysis

Measuring solution

10 mL diluted sample

1 mL ammonia buffer pH 9.6

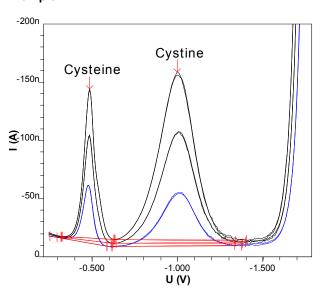
The concentrations are determined by standard addition.

The peak potential of cystine is strongly dependent on the pH value and shifts in negative direction with increasing pH value.

Parameters

Voltammetric		
Electrode operating mode	DME	
Measuring mode	DP – Differential pulse	
Stirring rate	2000 min ⁻¹	
Equilibration time	30 s	
Sweep		
Start potential	-0.25 V	
End potential	-1.75 V	
Potential step	0.006 V	
Potential step time	0.8 s	
Sweep rate	0.0075 V/s	
Pulse amplitude	0.05 V	
Substance		
Name	Cysteine	
Characteristic potential	-1.0 V	
Name	Cystine	
Characteristic potential	-0.5 V	

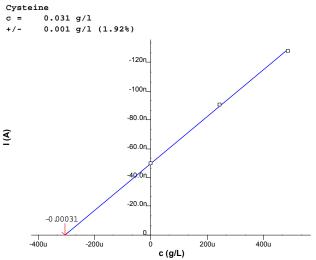
Example

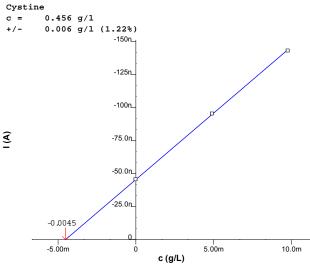




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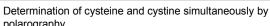


Result

Sample	Sodium caseinate
Sample size	0.1 mL
β(Cysteine)	0.031 g/L
β(Cystine)	0.456 g/L

Comments

- If the pH value is over 10, the cystine peak becomes very flat and insensitive.
- If the concentrations of cystine and cysteine differ greatly, it will possibly be necessary to perform two analyses in various dilutions for the respective substance.





Appendix

Report for the example determination of cysteine and cystine according to method 1

Determ. Modified Sample table	: 06111056 : 1999-06-1 : -	HM 746 VA TRA U 1 11:12:06 R	ser: mj un: 18) =========== Date: 1999-06-11 Time: 10:56:21			
Pos. Ident cysHC	.1/S1 Id 104	ent.2/S2 I	dent.3/S3	Method.cal	l Sample size/S0 10.0 mL			
Method : AB191/1 Title : Determination of Cystine and Cysteine Remark1 : 10 mL supporting electrolyte + 10 mL sample Remark2 : supporting electrolyte: HClO4 c = 0.1 mol/L								
Substance :	Cysteine	g/L g/L (4.22%)			Comments			
	VR U/mV	I/nA I.m	ean Std.dev		Comments			
	00 -80	-92 07 -92	09 0 0219					
	11 -87	-177.9	0.9 1.432	-04.04				
	20 -92 21 -91	-92.11 -175.9 -17 -177.9 -254.5 -25 -250.2	2.3 3.016	-75.41				
Substance : Mass conc.: MC.dev. : Cal.dev. :	Cystine 5.798 m 0.090 m	g/L g/L (1.55%)		57.98 μg 25 μg	Comments			
		I/nA I.m						
	00 -483	-48.28 -48						
		-48.23 -68.13 -68 -68.47	.30 0.2406	-20.05				
	20 -489 21 -492	-89.29 -88	.88 0.5862	-20.58				
Substance	Techn.	Y.reg/offset	Slope	Nonlin.	Mean deviat.			
Cysteine	std.add.	-9.352e-08 -4.813e-08	-3.284e-0	5	3.016e-09 3.830e-10			
Final results +/- Res.dev. % Comments								
Cvsteine =	2.8726 m 5.7979 m	a/L	0.121 0.090	4.22				

Method print for the determination cysteine and cystine according to method 1

	Instructions	t/s	Main parameters		Auxiliary parameters		
1	SMPL>M		V.fraction	mL	V.total	L	
2	DOS>M		Soln.name	electrol	V.add	10 mL	
3	PURGE						
4	STIR	300.0	Rot.speed	2000 /min			
5	(ADD						
6	PURGE						
7	STIR	30.0	Rot.speed	2000 /min			
8	0PURGE						
9	0STIR	20.0					
10	(REP						
11	SEGMENT		Segm.name	POL			
12	REP)1						
13	PURGE						
14	ADD>M		Soln.name	Cystine	V.add	0.025 mL	
15	ADD>M		Soln.name	Cysteine	V.add	0.025 mL	
16	ADD)2			=			
17	בואום						



Determination of cysteine and cystine simultaneously by polarography

Method: AB191_1 SEGMENT POL

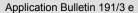
	Instructions	t/s	Main parameters			Auxiliary parameters		
1 2	DME DPMODE		U.ampl	-50 m		t.meas	20.0 ms	
3	SWEEP	101.4	t.step U.start U.end	0.60 s 200 m -800 m	nV	t.pulse U.step Sweep rate	40.0 ms 6 mV 10 mV/s	
4 5	OMEAS END		U.standby		nV	Succe Face	20 11147 15	

Report for the example determination of cysteine and cystine according to method 2

======= METROHM 797 VA COMPUTRACE (Version 1.0.0.1) (Serial No. 0) ========									
Determination	: 06150859_1	Na-caseinat.d	th						
Method Title Remark1 Remark2	Date: Time: Date: 1999-06-15 Time: 08:59:33 Date: 2017-07-20 Time: 16:46:51 AB191_Det of Cystin and Cystein in alkaline solution.mth Bestimmung von Cystin und Cystein background electrolyte: NH3/NH4Cl pH 9.6 Date: Time: Date: Time: Date: Date: 08:59:33 Date:								
Sample amount Cell volume	: 0.100 ml	- - -							
Substance Conc. Conc.dev. Amount Add.amount	: Cystine : 4.513 mg : 0.055 mg : 45.583 ug : 50.000 ug	g/L g/L (1.2) g	2%)						
VR V	nA I.me	ean Std.Dev.	I.delta						
1 - 1 -1.018	-45.3 -45	5.5 0.251	0.0						
1 - 1 -1.018 1 - 2 -1.006 2 - 1 -1.006 2 - 2 -1.006	-45.7 -95.2 -95	5.3 0.166	-49.8						
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-141.9 -14	3.0 1.527	-47.7						
Substance Conc. Conc.dev. Amount Add.amount	: Cysteine : 305.007 ug : 5.841 ug : 3.081 ug : 2.500 ug	g/L g/L (1.9) J	(1.92%)						
VR V	nA I.me	ean Std.Dev.	I.delta	Comments					
1 - 1 -0.482	-49.7 -49	9.5 0.249	0.0						
1 - 1 - 0.482 1 - 2 - 0.482 2 - 1 - 0.488 2 - 2 - 0.488 3 - 1 - 0.488	-49.4 -90.1 -90	0.346	-40.8						
2 - 2 -0.488 3 - 1 -0.488 3 - 2 -0.488	-90.6 -128.1 -12 -127.0	7.5 0.746	-37.2						
Substance Ca	alibr.	Y.reg/offset	Slop	e Mean devi	at. Corr.Coeff.				
Cystine st	id.add. id.add.	-4.553e-008 -4.968e-008	-1.009e-00 -1.629e-00	5 7.436e-0 4 1.092e-0	0.99983 0.99968				
Final results		+,	/- Res. dev	. % Co	omments				
Cystine: default		56 g/l 0	.006	1.215					
Cysteine: default	= 0.03	31 g/l 0	.001	1.915					

Method print for the determination cysteine and cystine according to method 2

Method parameters





Determination of cysteine and cystine simultaneously by

: AB191_2 Det of Cystine and Cysteine (high protein content).mth Title Determination of Cystine and Cysteine (high protein content): 10 mL sample + 1 mL ammonia buffer (pH 9.6) Remark1

Remark2

Calibration : Standard addition Technique : Batch Addition : Manual

Sample ID : Na-caseinat Sample amount (mL): 10.000 Cell volume (mL): 11.000

Voltammetric parameters

.____ _____

: DP - Differential Pulse

: 1 Highest current range mΑ Lowest current range : 100 nA Electrode : DME Stirrer speed (rpm) : 2000 Initial electr. conditioning : No

No. of additions No. of replications Measure blank : No : 30 Addition purge time (s)

Initial purge time (s) 300

Sweep

Equilibration time (s) 5.000 Start potential (V) End potential (V) -0.250 -1.750 Voltage step (V)
Voltage step time (s)
Sweep rate (V/s)
Pulse amplitude (V) 0.006 0.800 0.050 Pulse time (s) 0.040

Cell off after measurement : Yes

Peak evaluation

Regression technique : Linear Regression Peak evaluation : Height

Minimum peak width (V.steps)
Minimum peak height (A) : 5 : 1.000e-010 Reverse peaks : No : 4

Smooth factor : Yes Eliminate spikes

Substances

: -1.000 V +/- 0.050 V

Standard solution : 1 1 Addition volume (mL) : 0.050 1.000 g/L

Cystine

: Final result (Cystin) = Conc * (11 / 10) * (1000 / 1) + 0 - 0

: -0.480 V +/- 0.050 V Cystei

0.100 g/L Standard solution : 2

Addition volume (mL) : 0.025

Cysteine

: Final result (Cystei) = Conc * (11 / 10) * (1000 / 1) + 0 - 0

Baseline

scope Substance Addition automatic start (V) end (V) type linear wholePeak linear wholePeak linear wholePeak Cystin Sample yes
Addition 1 yes
Addition 2 yes yes --- ---yes --- ---Sample yes --- ---Addition 1 yes --- ---Addition 2 yes --- --linear wholePeak linear wholePeak linear wholePeak Cystei Sample