

Application Bulletin

Of interest to: Tobacco industry; Pharmaceutical industry

B 1, 3, 4, 7

Polarographic determination of nicotine

Summary

The quantitative determination of the alkaloid nicotine, which is an essential constituent of the tobacco plant, can be carried out by polarography. The limit of quantitation is less than 0.1 mg/L in the polarographic vessel.

Instruments and accessories

- 746 VA Trace Analyzer with 747 VA Stand or
- 757 VA Computrace

Reagents

All reagents used should be of the highest purity (p.a. or «suprapur»). Only ultrapure water should be used.

- Acetic acid, $w(\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}) = 96\%$
- Phosphoric acid, $w(\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4) = 85\%$, puriss. p.a.
- Boric acid, puriss. p.a.
- Sodium hydroxide solution, $c(\text{NaOH}) = 0.2 \text{ mol/L}$
- Sodium hydroxide solution, $c(\text{NaOH}) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$
- (±)-Nicotine, CAS 22083-74-5

Ready-to-use solutions

- Supporting electrolyte: **Britton-Robinson buffer pH = 6.0:**

$c(\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}) = 0.4 \text{ mol/L}$

$c(\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4) = 0.4 \text{ mol/L}$

$c(\text{H}_3\text{BO}_3) = 0.4 \text{ mol/L}$

$c(\text{NaOH}) = 1 \text{ mol/L}$

Dissolve 2.5 g boric acid in 50 mL $c(\text{NaOH}) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$.

After addition of 4.6 g (2.7 mL) $w(\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4) = 85\%$ and

2.5 g (2.35 mL) $w(\text{CH}_3\text{COOH}) = 96\%$ make up to

100 mL with water.

- Nicotine standard solution:

$\rho(\text{nicotine}) = 1 \text{ g/L}$ in water

Sample preparation

Determination of nicotine in tobacco

Place 1 g tobacco in a 100 mL volumetric flask, add 50 mL dist. water and 1 mL $c(\text{NaOH}) = 2 \text{ mol/L}$, mix now and again and allow to stand for at least 12 h. After this time, fill to the mark with dist. water and mix well, then filter the mixture.

Determination of nicotine in tobacco smoke

The tobacco smoke is passed through a glass frit (G1) and absorbed in 50 mL supporting electrolyte.

Analysis

10 mL supporting electrolyte + 100 μL ... 1 mL filtrate (dilute the sample solution if necessary)

or

10 mL absorption solution

The polarogram is recorded using the following parameters:

working electrode	DME
stirrer speed	2000 rpm
mode	DP
purge time	300 s
equilibration time	30 s
pulse amplitude	50 mV
start potential	-1000 mV
end potential	-1500 mV
voltage step	6 mV
pulse time	40 ms
voltage step time	0.6 s
sweep rate	10 mV/s
peak potential	-1280 mV

The concentration is determined by standard addition.

Remarks

- Since nicotine is sensitive to light, it is recommended to store the standard solution in an opaque vessel and renew them frequently.
- Tests have been made to determine nicotine with supporting electrolytes of other pH values. However, with lower pH values the proportional relationship between concentration and peak height is lost and in the alkaline region the sensitivity of the determination is greatly reduced.
- The linear working range lies between 0.1 mg/L and 10 mg/L nicotine in the measuring vessel. Higher concentrations must be diluted.

Literature

- Krjukowa, Sijakowa, Arefjewa
Polarographische Analyse
VEB Deutscher Verlag für Grundstoffindustrie, Leipzig, 1964.

Figures

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===== METROHM 746 VA TRACE ANALYZER (5.746.0101) =====
Method: AB057 .mth OPERATION SEQUENCE
Title : Determination of nicotine with DME. AB 57
-----
Instructions  t/s  Main parameters  Auxiliary parameters
-----
1  DOS/M
2  REM  V.added  10.000 mL
3  PURGE  10 mL buffer
4  STIR  300.0  Rot.speed  2000 /min
5  OPURGE
6  SMPL>M  V.fraction  1.000 mL  V.total  0.1 L
7  (ADD
8  PURGE
9  STIR  60.0  Rot.speed  2000 /min
10 SEGMENT  Segm.name  pol
11 ADD>M  Soln.name  nic-Std  V.add  0.020 mL
12 ADD)2
13 END

Method: AB057 SEGMENT
                pol
-----
Instructions  t/s  Main parameters  Auxiliary parameters
-----
1  (REP
2  OSTIR
3  OPURGE  5.0
4  DME
5  DPMODE  U.ampl  -50 mV  t.meas  20.0 ms
   t.step  0.60 s  t.pulse  40.0 ms
6  SWEEP  52.2  U.start  -1000 mV  U.step  6 mV
   U.end  -1500 mV  Sweep rate  10 mV/s
7  STIR  2.0  Rot.speed  2000 /min
8  OMEAS  U.standby  mV
9  REP)1
10 END
    
```

Fig. 1: Method for the determination of nicotine with the 746 VA Trace Analyzer.

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===== METROHM 746 VA TRACE ANALYZER (5.746.0101) =====
Determ.      : 06100915          User:          Date: 1999-06-10
Modified     : no                Run : 0          Time: 09:15:24
Sample table: -
    
```

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-----
Pos.  Ident.1/S1  Ident.2/S2  Ident.3/S3  Method.call  Sample size/S0
-----
      nicotine          1.0                1 g
-----
Method : AB057
Title  : Determination of nicotine with DME. AB 57
Remark1: Determination of nicotine
Remark2:
    
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Substance : nicotine          Comments
Mass conc.: 3.769 mg/L        -----
MC.dev.   : 0.120 mg/L (3.18%)  Mass      : 3.769 ug
Cal.dev.  : -                  Add.mass  : 2 ug
                                V0.sample: 1 mL
    
```

VR	U/mV	I/nA	I.mean	Std.dev.	I.delta	Comments
00	-1276	-32.12	-32.54	0.5921		
01	-1276	-32.96				
10	-1272	-50.87	-50.79	0.1133	-18.25	
11	-1273	-50.71				
20	-1270	-67.08	-67.15	0.0893	-16.36	
21	-1270	-67.21				

Substance	Techn.	Y.reg/offset	Slope	Nonlin.	Mean deviat.
nicotine	std.add.	-3.284e-08	-9.585e-05		6.101e-10

Final results	+/-	Res.dev.	%	Comments
nicotine = 376.93 ug/g		12.0	3.18	

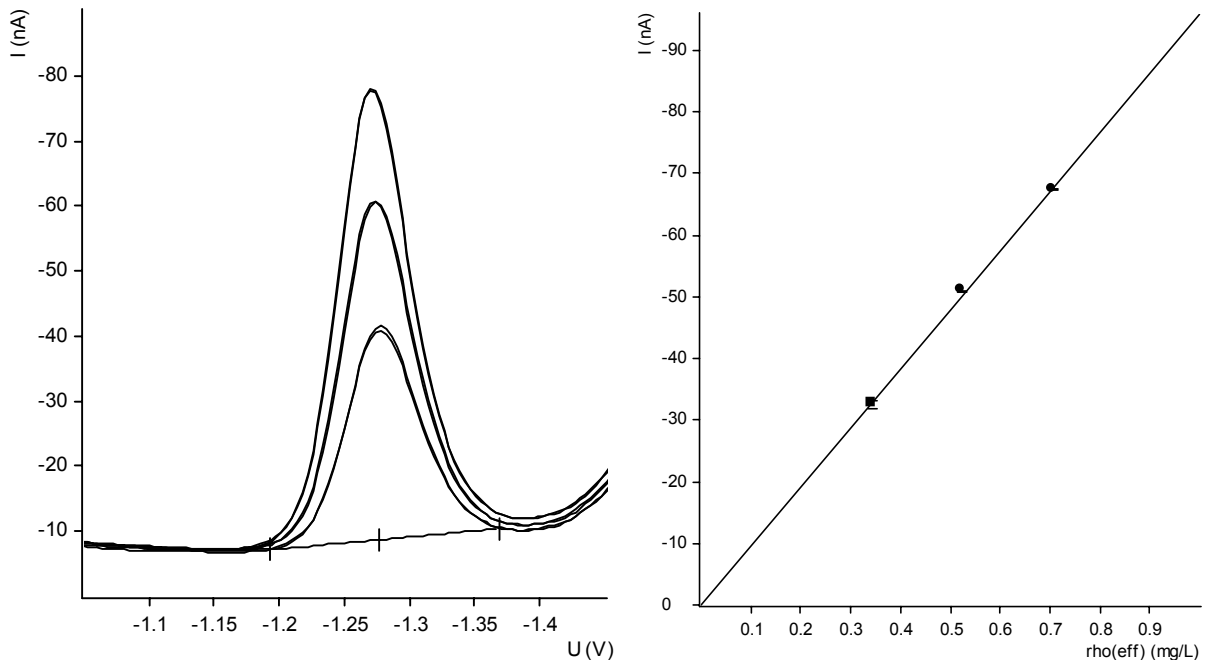


Fig. 2: Example of a determination of nicotine with the 746 VA Trace Analyzer.