

Application Bulletin 242/2 e

Determination of tungsten by anodic stripping voltammetry at the Ultra Trace graphite RDE

Summary

The method describes the determination of W(VI) traces in the range from 0.2 to 50 $\mu g/L$. Organic compounds present in the samples (e.g. natural waters) have an interfering effect. They have to be removed by UV digestion (e.g. 909 UV Digester). The interfering effect of Fe(III) up to a concentration of 100 mg/L is being eliminated by reduction to Fe(II) with ascorbic acid. When the amount of Cu(II) in the sample exceeds the amount of W(VI) 200 times or more, Cu ions have to be complexed with thiourea. The absolute concentration of Cu(II) should not exceed 5 mg/L. The determination is made by anodic stripping voltammetry (ASV) in DP mode.

W(VI) is deposited on the surface of the Ultra Trace graphite rotating disk electrode (RDE) as a result of electrochemical reduction of W(VI) and binding of the electrode reaction product W(V) into a low soluble ternary compound using antipyrine (ANT) or 4-dimethylaminoantipyrine (Pyramidon®, PYR) and thiocyanate ions: WO(SCN)₃ANT₄ or WO(SCN)₃PYR₃. The following equations can be used to describe the electrochemical reactions of W(VI):

$$WO_2^{2+} + e^- \rightarrow WO_2^+$$

 $WO_2^+ + 3 SCN^- + n R + 2 H^+ \rightarrow WO(SCN)_3 R_n \downarrow + H_2O$

with R being pyramidon or antipyrine. The maximal oxidation anodic current of the compound localized on the graphite electrode surface serves as the analytical response.

Instruments

VA instrument		
capable of operating a rotating disk		
electrode (RDE) and supporting differential		
pulse (DP) measuring mode		
909 UV Digester	2.909.0014	

Electrodes

WE	Ultra Trace electrode tip	6.1204.180
	Driving axle for RDE	6.1204.x10
RE	Ag/AgCl reference electrode	6.0728.x20
	Ag/AgCl/KCl (3 mol/L)	

	Electrolyte vessel Filled with c(KCI) = 3 mol/L	6.1245.010
AE	Glassy carbon rod Electrode holder	6.1247.000 6.1241.x20

Reagents

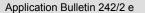
All of the used reagents must be of purest quality possible (for analysis or for trace analysis*).

- Ammonium thiocyanate, NH₄SCN, for trace analysis*, CAS 1762-95-4
- Sodium hydroxide, for trace analysis*, CAS 1310-73-2
- Sulfuric acid, w(H₂SO₄) = 96%, for trace analysis*, CAS 7664-93-9
- Antipyrine, (1,2-Dihydro-1,5-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one, phenazone), for analysis, CAS 60-80-0
- 4-dimethylaminoantipyrine, (Pyramidon®,
 4-Dimethylamino-1,5-dimethyl-2-phenylpyrazol-3-one,
 aminophenazone), for analysis, CAS 58-15-1
- Ascorbic acid, (Vitamin C), for analysis, CAS 50-81-7
- Thiourea, CH₄N₂S, for analysis, CAS 62-56-6
- Sodium tungstate dihydrate, Na₂WO₄ · 2H₂O, for trace analysis*, CAS 13472-45-2
- Ultrapure water, resistivity >18 MΩ·cm (25 °C), type I grade (ASTM D1193)

Solutions

ANT solution	w(ANT) = 20 % An appropriate amount of antipyrine is dissolved in ultrapure water. The solution can be used for 1 week.
PYR	0.1 g 4-dimethylaminoantipyrine (dry weight, for 25 mL measuring solution)
Thiocyanate solution	w(NH ₄ SCN) = 5 % NH ₄ SCN is dissolved in ultrapure water.

^{*} e.g., Merck suprapur®, Honeywell Fluka TraceSelect® or equivalent





Sodium hydroxide solution	c(NaOH) = 11 mol/L 440 g sodium hydroxide are dissolved and filled up to 1 L with ultrapure water.
Diluted sulfuric acid	c(H ₂ SO ₄) = 9 mol/L Concentrated sulfuric acid is diluted with ultrapure water.
Ascorbic acid solution	w(ascorbic acid) = 10 % An appropriate amount of ascorbic acid is dissolved in ultrapure water.
Thiourea	w(thiourea) = 5 % An appropriate amount of thiourea is dissolved in ultrapure water.

Standard solutions

W(VI) standard stock solution	$\beta(W^{6+}) = 1$ g/L Dissolve 1.7942 g of sodium tungstate dihydrate in 50 mL of ultrapure water. Add 50 mL of sodium hydroxide solution (c(NaOH) = 440 g/L) and transfer the solution into a 1 L measuring flask. Fill up to the mark with ultrapure water.
W(VI) standard solution	$\beta(W^{6+}) = 0.5 \text{ mg/L}$ Diluted solutions have to be prepared daily by dilution of the standard stock solution with ultrapure water.

Sample preparation

Organic-free natural waters

No special pretreatment is needed. Samples can be analyzed directly, as described the analysis section.

Waste waters with organic compounds

Organic matrices have to be destroyed by means of UV digestion (909 UV Digester) under following conditions:

pH of the sample between	1 2
Duration of the pretreatment	2 hours
Temperature	90 °C
H ₂ O ₂ volume	100 µL per 10 mL sample

Biological materials

Biological materials have to be dissolved by a wet digestion with sulfuric acid and H_2O_2 (see Application Bulletin 113 for details of the digestion procedure). The resulting acid solution (4 mL concentrated sulfuric acid to 100 mL aqueous solution) can be analyzed as described under «Analysis» without adding any sulfuric acid.

Electrode Preparation

Before starting the analysis, rinse the electrode with ultrapure water and dry it with a filter paper. Remove a thin layer from the electrode surface using the polishing set 6.2802.020 acc. to the instructions. After each voltammogram clean the electrode by applying 9 - 10 linear potential scans in the range 0.5 - 1.0 V (for ANT) or in the range 0.5 - 0.7 V (for PYR) under stirring of the solution.

Method 1: W concentrations between 0.2 and 2.0 μg/L

Antipyrine (ANT) is used to analyze samples with a W concentration between 0.2 ... 2.0 μ g/L.

Analysis

Transfer 20 mL of the sample solution to a 25 mL volumetric flask. Add 1.0 mL - 2.0 mL sulfuric acid, 1 mL thiocyanate solution, 1.0 mL ANT solution, 0.1 mL - 0.2 mL ascorbic acid solution and 0.1 - 0.2 mL of thiourea solution. Stir the solution after adding each reagent. Fill up the measuring flask to the mark with ultrapure water and mix thoroughly.

Measuring solution

20 mL sample solution

 $1.0\,\dots\,2.0$ mL diluted sulfuric acid

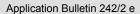
1.0 mL thiocyanate solution

1.0 mL ANT solution

0.1 ... 0.2 mL ascorbic acid solution

0.1 ... 0.2 mL thiourea solution

→ make up to 25 mL with ultrapure water





Pour the sample prepared into the polarographic vessel and run the voltammogram with the parameters specified below

The tungsten content is determined by the standard addition method. Concentration and amounts of standard added depend on the W concentration in the sample.

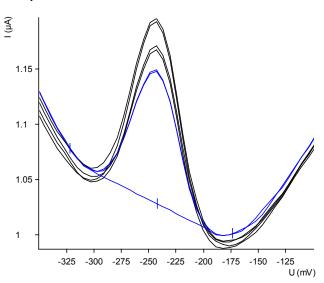
under «Parameters for the determination with ANT».

Parameters for the determination with ANT

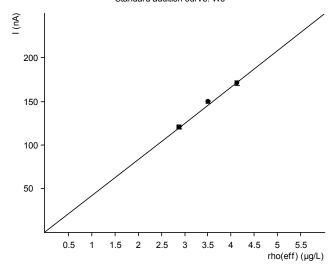
Voltammetric	
Measuring mode	DP – Differential pulse
Stirring rate	2000 min ⁻¹
Cyclovoltammetric pretreatment	
Start potential	0.5 V
Vertex potential	1.0 V
No. of cycles	10
Potentiostatic pretreatment	
Potential 1	-0.5 V
Waiting time 1	120 s
Equilibration time	10 s
Sweep	
Start potential	-0.4 V
End potential	-0.05 V
Potential step	0.006 V
Potential step time	0.3 s
Sweep rate	0.02 V/s
Pulse amplitude	0.05 V
Substance	
Name	Tungsten
Characteristic potential	-0.23 V

Determination of tungsten by anodic stripping voltammetry at the Ultra Trace graphite

Example



Standard addition curve: W6



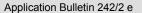
Result

Sample size	20.0 mL
β(W ⁶⁺)	2.89 μg/L

Comments

In case W(VI) is not present in the solution to be analyzed the reagent passivates the electrode surface. In case no analytical response is registered, proceed as following:

- Switch off the cell
- · Clean the electrode surface mechanically
- Introduce standard additive to the sample
- Start the analyzing procedure from the beginning again





Method 2: W concentrations between 2 ... 50 μg/L

4-dimethylaminoantipyrine (PYR) is used to analyze samples with W concentration between 2.0 ... 50 $\mu g/L$.

Analysis

Transfer 20 mL of the sample solution to a 25 mL volumetric flask. Add 1.0 mL - 2.0 mL sulfuric acid, 1 mL ammonium thiocyanate, 0.1 g PYR, 0.1 mL - 0.2 mL ascorbic acid and 0.1 - 0.2 mL of thiourea. Stir the solution after adding each reagent. Fill up the measuring flask to the mark with high purity water and mix thoroughly.

Measuring solution

20 mL (diluted) sample solution

1.0 ... 2.0 mL diluted sulfuric acid

1.0 mL thiocyanate solution

0.1 g 4-dimethylaminoantipyrine (PYR)

0.1 ... 0.2 mL ascorbic acid solution

0.1 ... 0.2 mL thiourea solution

→ make up to 25 mL with ultrapure water

Pour the sample prepared into the polarographic vessel and run the voltammogram with the parameters specified below under «Parameters for the determination with PYR».

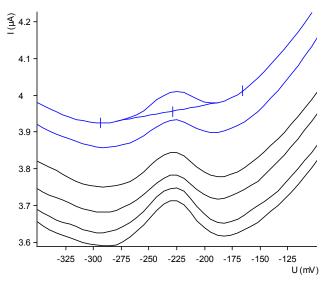
The tungsten content is determined by the standard addition method. Concentration and amounts of standard added depend on the W concentration in the sample.

Parameters for the determination with PYR

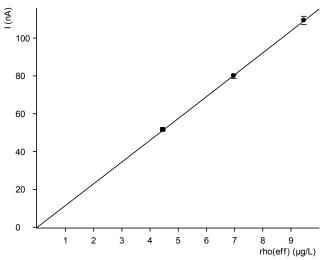
Voltammetric	
Measuring mode	DP – Differential pulse
Stirring rate	2000 min ⁻¹
Cyclovoltammetric pretreatment	
Start potential	0.5 V
Vertex potential	0.7 V
No. of cycles	10
Potentiostatic pretreatment	
Potential 1	-0.5 V
Waiting time 1	30 s
Equilibration time	10 s
Sweep	

Start potential	-0.4 V
End potential	-0.05 V
Potential step	0.006 V
Potential step time	0.3 s
Sweep rate	0.02 V/s
Pulse amplitude	0.05 V
Substance	
Name	Tungsten
Characteristic potential	-0.23 V

Example



Standard addition curve: W6



Result

Sample size	20.0 mL
β(W ⁶⁺)	5.57 μg/L



Comments

- In case W(VI) is not present in the solution to be analyzed the reagent passivates the electrode surface.
 In case no analytical response is registered, proceed as following:
 - · Switch off the cell
 - · Clean the electrode surface mechanically
 - Introduce standard additive to the sample
 - Start the analyzing procedure from the beginning again
- Samples with W concentration higher than 50 µg/L should be diluted with ultrapure water. The sample solution in the measuring vessel should contain maximum 1 µg W. If it contains more, the electrode surface will be overloaded.

Application Bulletin 242/2 e

Determination of tungsten by anodic stripping voltammetry at the Ultra Trace graphite

References

Malakhova, N. A., Popkova, G. N., Wittmann, G., Kalnichevskaia, L. N., Brainina, Kh. Z., Anodic stripping voltammetry of tungsten at graphite electrodes, Electroanalysis, 1996 (8), 375 - 380



Appendix

Report for the example determination of tungsten according to method 1 with antipyrine (ANT)

Determ. Modified Sample table	: 0427110 : 1994-05	2	User: Run:	0		Date: 1993-04-27 Time: 11:03:09		
	:.1/S1	Ident.2/S2	Ident	.3/S3	Method.cal	l Sample size/S0 20 mL		
Method : AB242EAN Title : Tungsten at Ultra Trace Graphite Electr.by ASV/ANT Remark1 : 2N sulf+1mlCNS- +1ml anti20%/Depora Ref/UV pH2 2h 90 C Remark2 : tel=4+2 min, add W(VI)=0.5ppb/0.1 ml asc,thio/3 min boiling								
	2.890 0.198	ug/L ug/L (6.84%	s) Ad		12.5 ng	Comments		
		V I/nA				Comments		
	00 -24	2 118.9		1.168				
	10 -24	3 120.6 2 149.9 2 148.0	149.0	1.334	29.23			
	20 -24	2 172.7 2 168.5	170.6	3.006	21.63			
Substance	Techn.	Y.reg/off	set S	lope	Nonlin.	Mean deviat.		
W6	std.add.	1.205e-	-07	0.04171		2.601e-09		
Final results	5		+/-	Res.dev.	%	Comments		
W6 =	= 2.8900	ug/L		0.198	6.84			

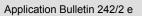
Method print for the determination of tungsten according to method 1 with antipyrine (ANT)

======= METROHM 746 VA TRACE ANALYZER (5.746.0101) ========== Method: AB242EAN.mth OPERATION SEQUENCE Title: Tungsten at Ultra Trace Graphite Electr.by ASV/ANT

	Instructions t/s	Main parameters			Auxiliary parameters		
1 2 3	SMPL/M RDE (REP	V.fraction Rot.speed	3000	mL /min	V.total	L	
4 5 6 7 8	SEGMENT SEGMENT REP) 1 (ADD (REP	Segm.name Segm.name	dummy sweep				
9 10 11 12	SEGMENT SEGMENT REP)1 (REP	Segm.name Segm.name	sweep dummy				
13 14 15 16	SEGMENT SEGMENT STIR REP)1	Segm.name Segm.name Rot.speed	sweep W-seg 3000	/min			
17 18 19	ADD>M ADD)2 END	Soln.name	w.std		V.add	0.025 mL	

Method: AB242EAN SEGMENT dummy

	Instructions	t/s	Main parameters		Auxiliary parameters	
1	DPMODE		U.ampl t.step	50 mV 0.30 s	t.meas t.pulse	20.0 ms 40.0 ms
2	MEAS DSWEEP	240.0 23.4	U.meas U.start U.end	-500 mV -500 mV -50 mV	U.step Sweep rate	6 mV 20 mV/s





		swee	ep 		
Instructions	t/s	Main parame	eters	Auxiliary pa	rameters
DCTMODE		t.step	0.10 s	t.meas	40.0 ms
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
		U.end	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/s
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
		U.end	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/s
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
		U.end	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/s
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
		U.end	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/s
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
		U.end	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/s
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
		U.end	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/s
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
		U.end	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/s
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
D. G. 1	4 6	U.end	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/s
DSWEEP	4.6	U.start	500 mV	U.step	12 mV
END		u.ena	1000 mV	Sweep rate	120 mV/S
od: AB242EAN		SEGMENT	ľ		
Instructions	t/s	Main parame	eters	Auxiliary pa	rameters
DDMODE		II ampl	E0 m77	+ mong	20 0 mg
חדוו∩חדי		t step	0 30 g	t nulce	40.0 mg
MEAS	120 0	II meas	-500 mv	c.barse	10.0 III
USTILB					
MEAS	10.0	II.meas	-500 mV		
SWEEP	18.6	U.start	-400 mV	U.step	6 mV
		U.end	-50 mV	Sweep rate	20 mV/s
		0.0110	50	Sweep race	20 111172
	Instructions DCTMODE DSWEEP Instructions DPMODE MEAS	Instructions t/s DCTMODE DSWEEP 4.6 END Dod: AB242EAN Instructions t/s DPMODE MEAS 120.0	Instructions t/s Main parame CTMODE t.step DSWEEP 4.6 U.start U.end END MOCHANICAL SEGMENT W-SEGMENT DPMODE U.ampl t.step MEAS 120.0 U.meas	Instructions	Instructions

e (PYR)

•	•		•		J	•
Determ. Modified Sample table	: 04261815 : 1994-05-1	HM 746 VA 6 07:56:50	User: Run :	0) ========= Date: 1994-04-26 Time: 18:15:25
	t.1/SI Id	ent.2/S2	Ident	.3/S3 I	Method.cal.	l Sample size/S0 20 mL
Method : 7 Title : 7 Remark1 : 7	AB242EPY Fungsten at 2N sulf+1 ml	Ultra Trac CNS- +0.1g	e Graph pyra/L	ite elect: ough Swil:	r.by ASV/PY ly N3/UV pH	
Substance Mass conc. MC.dev. Cal.dev.	4.458 u 0.127 u	g/L g/L (2.85%) Ad	ss : : d.mass : .sample:	50 ng	Comments
	VR U/mV		I.mean		I.delta	Comments
	00 -229	51.88 51.29	51.58	0.4158		
	11 -228 20 -228 21 -228	80.26 107.1				
Substance	Techn.	Y.reg/off	set S	lope	Nonlin.	Mean deviat.
 W6						9.372e-10
Final result				- Res.dev	. %	Comments
				0.159	2.85	



Method print for the determination of tungsten according to method 2 with 4-dimethylaminoantipyrine (PYR)

Method: AB242EPY.mth OPERATION SEQUENCE

Title : Tungsten at Ultra Trace Graphite electr.by ASV/PYR

	Instructions		Main parameters		Auxiliary parameters		
1 2 3	SMPL/M RDE (REP			20.000 mL 3000 /min			
4 5 6	SEGMENT SEGMENT REP)1		Segm.name Segm.name				
7 8 9 10	(ADD SEGMENT SEGMENT		Segm.name Segm.name				
11 12 13	(REP SEGMENT SEGMENT STIR REP)1 ADD>M		Segm.name Segm.name Rot.speed				
14 15 16 17	ADD>M ADD)2 END		Soln.name	w.std	V.add	0.100 mL	
Method: AB242EPY SEGMENT dummy							
	Instructions t/s Main parameters			eters	Auxiliary parameters		
1	DPMODE		U.ampl	50 mV 0.30 s	t.meas	20.0 ms 40.0 ms	
2 3	MEAS DSWEEP	90.0 23.4	U.meas U.start	50 mV 0.30 s -500 mV -500 mV -50 mV	U.step	6 mV	
4	END		U.ena	-50 mV	sweep rate	20 mV/s	
Meth	nod: AB242EPY		SEGMENT swee				
	Instructions t/s		Main parame	ters	Auxiliary parameters		
1 2	DCTMODE DSWEEP	2.1	t.step U.start	0.10 s 500 mV	t.meas U.step Sweep rate	40 0 mg	
3	DSWEEP	2.1	U.start	700 mV	U.step Sweep rate	120 mV/s	
4	DSWEEP	2.1	U.end U.start U.end	500 mV	U.step	I Z. MV	
5	DSWEEP	2.1	U.start U.end	500 mV	U.step	1') m\/	
6	DSWEEP	2.1	U.start U.end	500 mV 700 mV	u.sren	I Z. MV	
7	DSWEEP		U.start	500 mV	Sweep rate U.step	120 mV	

Method: AB242EPY SEGMENT W-seq

2.1

2.1

8

9

10

11

12

DSWEEP

DSWEEP

DSWEEP

DSWEEP

END

U.end

U.end

U.end

U.end

U.end

U.start

U.start

U.start

U.start

Instructions t/s Main parameters Auxiliary parameters U.ampl 20.0 ms DPMODE 50 mV 1 t.meas 0.30 s 40.0 ms t.step t.pulse 2 -500 mV MEAS 30.0 U.meas OSTIR 10.0 U.meas -500 mV MEAS 5 18.6 U.start $-400\ mV$ U.step 20 mV/s U.end -50 mV Sweep rate 6 END

700 mV

500 mV

700 mV

500 mV 700 mV

500 mV

700 mV

500 mV

700 mV

Sweep rate

Sweep rate

Sweep rate U.step

Sweep rate

Sweep rate

U.step

U.step

U.step

120 mV/s

120 mV/s

12 mV

12 mV

12 mV 120 mV/s

120 mV/s

120 mV/s