

Cylinder unit OMNIS 20 mL special



6.09915.001

Product manual

8.0108.8030EN / 2021-07-23



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1 Overview

1.1 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Product description

The cylinder unit is part of the dosing unit. It provides the liquid volume required for the analysis.

The cylinder unit is used in particular for dosing or titrating potassium hydroxide (KOH) and isopropyl alcohol (IPA).

1.2 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Product versions

The product is available in the following versions:

Table 1 Product version without accessories

Article number	Designation	Version feature
6.09915.001	Cylinder unit OMNIS 20 mL special	Volume 20 mL

An antidiffusion tip (6.1543.200) is available as an accessory. The antidiffusion tip is used whenever the titration tip is immersed into the sample. The antidiffusion valve prevents the sample from diffusing into the tip.

If accurate dosing is important, a dosing tip (6.1543.060) can be ordered as an alternative to the antidiffusion tip.

1.3 Symbols and conventions

The following formatting may appear in the documentation:

(5- 12)	Cross-reference to figure legend The first number refers to the figure number. The second number refers to the product part in the figure.
1	Instruction step Numbers indicate the order of the instructions steps.
Method	Names of parameters, menu items, tabs and dialog windows
File ► New	Menu path
[Continue]	Button or key

1.4 Further information

The Metrohm Knowledge Base <https://guide.metrohm.com> always provides the current version of this document. Further instructions, leaflets, release notes etc. may be available, depending on the product. You can directly access the required information or the associated PDF document using the full-text search function and filters.

1.5 Accessories

Up-to-date information on the scope of delivery and on optional accessories can be found on the Metrohm website. Download this information as follows:

Downloading the accessories list

- 1 Go to <https://www.metrohm.com>.
- 2 Enter the article number of the product (e.g. **2.1001.0010**) into the search field.

The search result is displayed.
- 3 Click on the product.

Detailed information regarding the product is shown on various tabs.
- 4 On the **Included parts** tab, click the link to download the PDF.

The PDF file with the accessories data is loaded.



NOTICE

Metrohm recommends downloading the accessories list from the Internet and keeping it for reference purposes.

2 Safety

2.1 Intended use

Metrohm products are used for the analysis and handling of chemicals.

Usage therefore requires the user to have basic knowledge and experience in handling chemicals. Knowledge regarding the application of fire prevention measures prescribed for laboratories is also mandatory.

Adherence to this technical documentation and compliance with the maintenance specifications make up an important part of intended use.

Any utilization in excess of or deviating from the intended use is regarded as misuse.

Specifications regarding the operating values and limit values of individual products are contained in the "Technical specifications" section, if relevant.

Exceeding and/or not observing the mentioned limit values during operation puts people and components at risk. The manufacturer assumes no liability for damage due to non-observance of these limit values.

The EU declaration of conformity loses its validity as soon as modifications are carried out on the products and/or the components.

2.2 Responsibility of the operator

The operator must ensure that basic regulations on occupational safety and accident prevention in chemical laboratories are observed. The operator has the following responsibilities:

- Instruct personnel in the safe handling of the product.
- Train personnel in the use of the product according to the user documentation (e.g. install, operate, clean, eliminate faults).
- Train staff on basic occupational safety and accident prevention regulations.
- Provide personal protective equipment (e.g. protective glasses, gloves).
- Provide suitable tools and equipment to carry out the work safely.

The product may be used only when it is in perfect condition. The following measures are required to ensure the safe operation of the product:

- Check the condition of the product before use.
- Remedy defects and malfunctions immediately.
- Maintain and clean the product regularly.

- Label the product according to regulations if it is used for substances that have a potential for chemical hazards and are generally subject to the Hazardous Substances Ordinance.
- Wear personal protective equipment (e.g. protective glasses, gloves).
- Use exhaust equipment when working with vaporizing hazardous substances.
- Dispose of hazardous substances in accordance with regulations.
- Clean and disinfect contaminated surfaces.
- Only use detergents that do not cause any unwanted side reactions with the materials to be cleaned.
- Dispose of chemically contaminated materials (e.g. cleaning material) in accordance with regulations.
- Proceed as follows in case of a return shipment to Metrohm AG or a regional Metrohm representative:
 - Decontaminate the product or product component.
 - Remove the labeling for hazardous substances.
 - Create a declaration of decontamination and enclose it with the product.

2.4.3 Danger from highly flammable substances

Using highly flammable substances or gases may cause fires or explosions. To avoid danger from highly flammable substances, observe the following:

- Avoid ignition sources.
- Use protective grounding.
- Use exhaust equipment.

2.4.4 Danger from leaking liquids

Leaking liquids may cause injuries and may damage the product. To avoid danger from leaking liquids, observe the following:

- Check the product and its accessories for leakages and loose connections.
- Replace leaking parts and connecting elements without delay.
- Tighten loose connecting elements.
- Do not loosen tubing connections under pressure.
- Do not remove aspiration tubing under pressure.
- Carefully pull the ends of the tubing out of the containers.
- Carefully let liquids from tubing drain into suitable containers.
- Insert the buret tips completely into the containers.
- Remove and dispose of leaked liquids in accordance with regulations.
- If you suspect that liquid has penetrated the instrument, disconnect the instrument from the energy supply. Then have the instrument checked by a regional Metrohm service representative.



WARNING

Type or source of danger

Consequences when not observing the notice: A serious injury that may result in death is probable.

- Measures to avoid the danger



CAUTION

Type or source of danger

Consequences when not observing the notice: A minor to moderate injury is probable.





- Measures to avoid the danger

2.6 Meaning of warning signs

This documentation uses the following warning signs:

Table 2 Warning sign according to ISO 7010

Warning sign	Meaning
	General warning sign
	Warning of electrical voltage
	Warning of hand injuries
	Warning of sharp object
	Warning of hot surface
	Warning of biological hazard
	Warning of toxic materials

Warning sign	Meaning
	Warning of flammable materials
	Warning of corrosive substances
	Warning of optical radiation
	Warning of laser beams

Depending on the intended use of the product, the corresponding warning sign stickers must be placed on the product.

3 Functional description

3.1 Dosing unit – Overview



Figure 1 Dosing unit – Overview

1 Cylinder unit

2 Dosing drive
Not in scope of delivery

3.1.1 **Cylinder unit OMNIS – Overview**

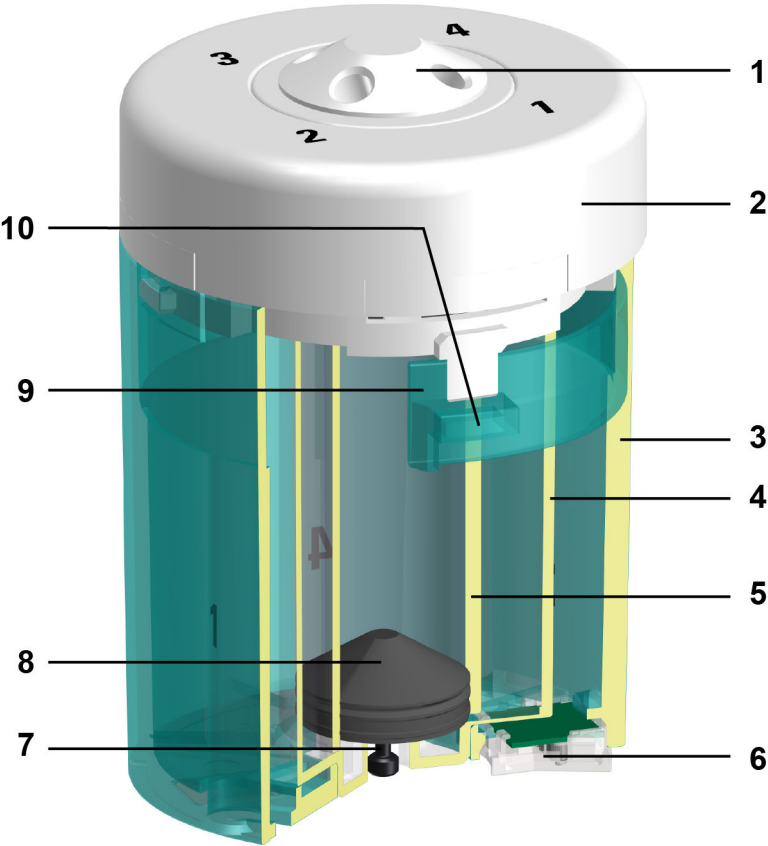


Figure 3 *Cylinder unit – Overview*

1	Distributor with 4 ports	2	Cylinder top piece
3	Cylinder housing	4	Centering tube
5	Cylinder	6	Data chip
7	Piston stopper	8	Dosing piston
9	Spring clip	10	Unlocking button

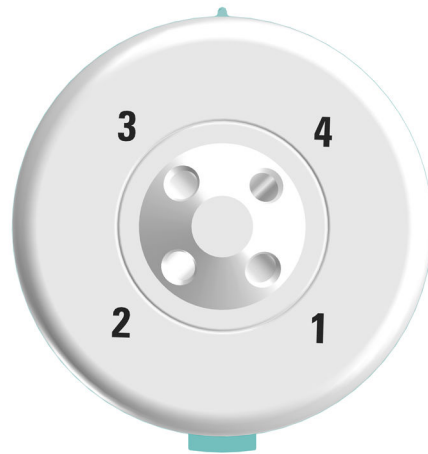


Figure 4 Cylinder unit – Overview from above

The following table shows the standard use of the 4 ports. The use of the ports can be changed in the OMNIS Software.

Port	Use	Connecting or sealing with
1	Dosing	Dosing tip
2	Filling the cylinder	Chemical bottle
3	Not used	Stopper
4	Not used	Stopper

3.2 Dosing unit – Function

Software control of the dosing unit can be used for accurate dosing of liquid volumes.

The dosing unit is comprised of the following units:

- Dosing drive
- Cylinder unit

The dosing drive is permanently installed in the housing of the instrument. The dosing drive is controlled via the OMNIS Software and is responsible for the accurate dosing of the solution.

If the cylinder unit is placed on top of the dosing drive, the dosing drive assumes responsibility for the following functions:

- **Raising and lowering the dosing piston:**
Solution is aspirated if the dosing piston is lowered. The cylinder fills up.
Solution is dosed if the dosing piston is raised. The cylinder empties.

- **Rotating the cylinder:**

The rotation of the cylinder controls which of the 4 ports the solution flows through.

The valve disk with an opening is located in the middle of the cylinder base.

The distributor disk with 4 openings corresponding to the 4 ports of the distributor is located at the bottom in the cylinder top piece.

The dosing drive rotates the cylinder by 90° stages so that the opening of the valve disk fits with an opening on the distributor disk. This results in a passage for the solution to the corresponding port of the distributor.

3.2.1 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Function

The cylinder unit is part of the dosing unit. It provides the liquid volume required for the analysis. A distributor with 4 ports enables the filling and emptying of the cylinder.

The cylinder unit is used in particular for dosing or titrating potassium hydroxide (KOH) and isopropyl alcohol (IPA).

See also

Cylinder unit OMNIS – Product versions (chapter 1.2, page 1)

Cylinder unit OMNIS – Overview (chapter 3.1.1, page 11)

3.3 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Resistance to chemicals

Conventional reagents and media can be dosed with the cylinder unit. The materials of the single parts that come into contact with the liquid being dosed have been selected for maximum resistance to chemicals and functionality.

However, not all types of aggressive or high-concentration reagents can be conveyed without difficulty. It is the user's own responsibility to determine the resistance of the various single parts to specific, aggressive media.

Observe the following notes to ensure the functional capability of the cylinder unit:

- When using strong inorganic alkalis or concentrated solutions that could crystallize, adhere to the .
- The temperature of the media must not exceed 50 °C.
- Clean and inspect the cylinder unit at regular intervals to avoid problems with aggressive media. *Performing maintenance on the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 6.1, page 22)*



NOTICE

Replace the cylinder unit at regular intervals.

See also

Cylinder unit OMNIS – Housing (chapter 9.3, page 46)

3.3.1 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Resistance of cylinder housing

In contrast to the other components of the cylinder unit, the cylinder housing has only limited resistance to chemicals.

good resistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ aqueous solutions ▪ diluted acids ▪ alcohols ▪ hydrocarbons
limited resistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ concentrated organic acids ▪ diluted aqueous alkalis (cold cracking) ▪ acetone ▪ isopropanol ▪ tetrahydrofuran ▪ hot water (> 50 °C)
non-resistant	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ concentrated inorganic acids and bases ▪ chlorinated solvents ▪ Bromine (Br₂) ▪ Phenol ▪ water vapor (> 100 °C)

5 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Operation



NOTICE

The product can be operated via the OMNIS Software.
Additional information is available in the [software help](#).

Notes on handling



CAUTION

Piston wear

Solutions of solids (e.g. salts or hydroxides) increase the wear of the dosing piston, which may lead to leakage.

- Fill the cylinder with solution and move to the exchange position after each titration/dosing.

If no continuous sample throughput is ensured, fill the cylinder with solution and move to the exchange position, especially when using:

- concentrated solutions that tend to crystallize
- EDTA solutions, ultrapure solvents and ultrapure water
- organic solvents
- alkaline (e.g. KOH or isopropyl alcohol), corrosive or high-concentration reagents

The cylinder unit does not automatically move into the exchange position. In order to automatically move into exchange position after each titration/dosing, insert the **FILL** and **VALVE POS** commands in the method, see [software help](#).

For storing the cylinder unit over an extended period of time *Storing the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 6.3, page 26)*.

Usage of dosing tubing with antidiffusion valve

If using an antidiffusion valve, the maximum dosing rate is 150 mL/min.

The dosing rate can be saved on the memory chip of the cylinder unit: Enter the dosing rate in the OMNIS Software in **Properties ► Specific data**.

Usage of dosing tubing without antidiffusion valve

For usage without antidiffusion valve, do not immerse the dosing tubing in the sample solution.

There is a risk of back diffusion of the sample solution from the vessel into the tubing due to open tubing ends.



NOTICE

The cylinder unit and its parts cannot be autoclaved. The sterility of a germ-free solution cannot be guaranteed.

5.1 Attaching the cylinder unit OMNIS



NOTICE

Default settings for the ports 1 and 2

Port 1 is defined as dosing port and port 2 as fill port in the data chip default settings of the cylinder unit. The following instructions describe the default setting.

If the ports should be used differently from the default setting, adjust the ports in the OMNIS Software in **Properties ► Specific data**.

Preparing for attaching

- 1 Open the **Manual control** of the dosing unit in the OMNIS Software, see [software help](#).
- 2 Start the **Exchange position** function.

Attaching the cylinder unit



NOTICE

These instructions describe the default installation as defined in the OMNIS Software.

Prerequisite:

- Dosing drive: Valve coupling and piston rod are in the exchange position (port 2 is set).
- Cylinder unit: The piston stopper is flush with the base of the cylinder housing. The centering tube is in the correct position.

Required accessories:

- Wrench (6.2739.000)
- 2 FEP tubings (6.1805.100)
- Titration tip (6.1543.200)

1 Aligning the cylinder unit

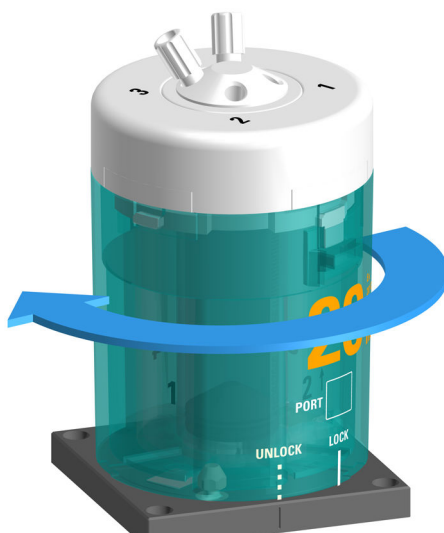
Rotate the cylinder unit until the marking with the label **UNLOCK** is in line with the marking on the dosing drive.

2



Set the cylinder unit down onto the two twistlocks straight from above.

3 Locking the cylinder unit



Rotate the cylinder unit to the left until it stops.
Use the marking with the label **LOCK** as a guide.

4 Mounting the tubings



Tighten an FEP tubing (6.1805.100) into port 1.

This FEP tubing is used as dosing tubing. Tighten the other end to the titration tip (6.1543.200).

5 Tighten the other FEP tubing (6.1805.100) into port 2.

This FEP tubing is used as filling tubing. Tighten the other end to the OMNIS Liquid Adapter.

■■■■■■■■■■

- 6** Firmly tighten the tubing with the wrench (6.2739.000).

See also

Cylinder unit OMNIS – Overview (chapter 3.1.1, page 11)

5.2 Removing the cylinder unit OMNIS

Preparing the removal

- 1 Open the **Manual control** of the dosing unit in the OMNIS Software, see [software help](#).
- 2 Start the **Empty** function.
- 3 Start the **Exchange position** function.

Removing the cylinder unit

Prerequisite:

- Dosing drive: Valve coupling and piston rod are in the exchange position (port 2 is set).
- Cylinder unit: The piston stopper is flush with the base of the cylinder housing. The centering tube is in the correct position.

1 Removing the tubing



Unscrew the dosing tubing and the filling tubing.

2 Unlocking the cylinder unit



Rotate the cylinder unit to the right as far as the **UNLOCK** position.

3 Raising the cylinder unit



Raise the cylinder unit straight upwards.

See also

Cylinder unit OMNIS – Overview (chapter 3.1.1, page 11)

[illegible][illegible]

Danger of poisoning and chemical burns from chemical hazardous substances

Poisoning and/or chemical burns by contact with aggressive chemical substances.

- Use only detergents that do not cause any unwanted side reactions with the materials to be cleaned.
- Clean contaminated surfaces.
- Wear protective equipment.
- Use exhaust equipment when working with vaporizing hazardous substances.
- Dispose of chemically contaminated materials (e.g. cleaning material) properly.



CAUTION

Instrument damage from aggressive chemical hazardous substances

Damage of the instrument or malfunction through contact with aggressive chemical substances.

- Clean up spilled liquids and solids immediately.
- Use protective grounding when working with highly flammable chemical substances and gases.
- If you suspect that chemical substances have gotten into the instrument, disconnect the instrument from the energy supply. Then, notify Metrohm Service.



NOTICE

The cylinder unit requires appropriate care. Excess contamination of the cylinder unit results in malfunctions and a reduction in the service life.

Prerequisite:

The cylinder unit has been removed from the dosing drive. *Removing the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 5.2, page 20)*

1 Cleaning the cylinder housing



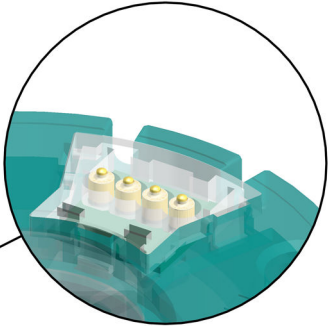
NOTICE

The cylinder housing is not dishwasher proof.

Clean the cylinder housing with lukewarm water and dishwashing detergent.

- 2** If the cylinder top piece is stuck, place the cylinder unit with the cylinder top piece facing down in warm water (possibly with a little dishwashing detergent) for at least 30 minutes. *Cylinder unit OMNIS – Clearing the jamming (see chapter 7.3, page 42)*

3



If the electrical contacts are only lightly contaminated, clean the electrical contacts with a cloth moistened with water.

4

- add dishwashing detergent or ethanol to the moist cloth and clean the electrical contacts or
- clean the electrical contacts in an ultrasonic bath with a little dishwashing detergent or ethanol.

Do not exceed 50 °C when drying. Use compressed air if necessary.

5



- If the electrical contacts are only lightly contaminated, clean the electrical contacts with a cloth moistened with water.
- If the electrical contacts are heavily contaminated, add dishwashing detergent or ethanol to the moist cloth and clean the electrical contacts.

6.3 Storing the cylinder unit OMNIS



NOTICE

If the cylinder unit will not be used for a prolonged period of time, rinse and fill the cylinder with deionized water to prevent the valve disk and distributor disk from sticking together, especially when using:

- concentrated solutions that tend to crystallize
- EDTA solutions, ultrapure solvents and ultrapure water
- organic solvents
- alkaline (e.g. KOH in isopropanol), corrosive or high-concentration reagents



NOTICE

If you are using water sensitive reagents, rinse the cylinder with solvent and then store it empty.

- 1 Soak the filling tubing in a bottle with rinsing liquid.
- 2 Open the **Manual control** of the dosing unit in the OMNIS Software, see [software help](#).
- 3 Execute the **Preparing** function 2 to 3 times with rinsing solution.
- 4 If the cylinder unit is to be stored empty,
 - remove the filling tubing from the bottle with rinsing solution and
 - start the **Empty** function.
- 5 Start the **Exchange position** function.
- 6 Store the cylinder unit at ambient temperature and protect it from direct sunlight.



NOTICE

Rinsing the cylinder unit automatically

To automatically rinse the cylinder unit, download the method for automatically rinsing the cylinder unit as a template or create it yourself .

6.4 Disassembling the cylinder unit OMNIS

Prerequisite:

The cylinder is empty and the cylinder unit has been removed from the dosing drive. *Removing the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 5.2, page 20)*



CAUTION

Damage to cylinder unit

Improper handling when disassembling leads to damage of the cylinder unit and/or the dosing piston.

- Do not use force to rotate the cylinder top piece. Instead, place the cylinder unit in water. *Cylinder unit OMNIS – Clearing the jamming (see chapter 7.3, page 42)*
- Follow the instructions for taking the cylinder unit apart.
- Do not disconnect the cylinder from the cylinder base.
- Do not remove the dosing piston from the cylinder.

1



CAUTION

Contact with chemicals

Chemicals in the cylinder unit may cause chemical burns.

- Empty and rinse the cylinder unit before disassembling it.
- Wear protective equipment, especially gloves.



Press the unlocking button and hold it down.

Rotate the cylinder top piece to the right until it stops.

2



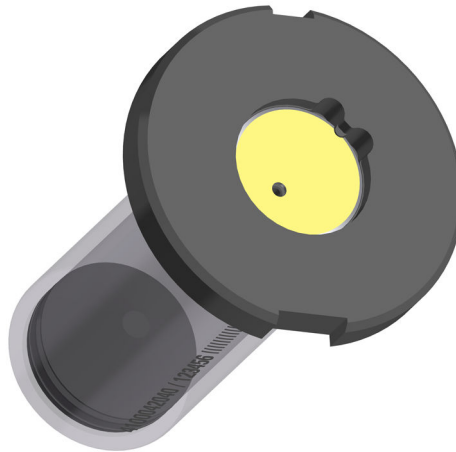
Remove the cylinder top piece.

with the

t on a flat



2



- Rinse the centering tube with water and wipe it with ethanol.
- Clean the contact surface of the valve disk with ethanol.



NOTICE

Do not disconnect the cylinder from the cylinder base.

- 3 Rinse the cylinder housing with water and wipe it with ethanol.

Checking the cylinder unit

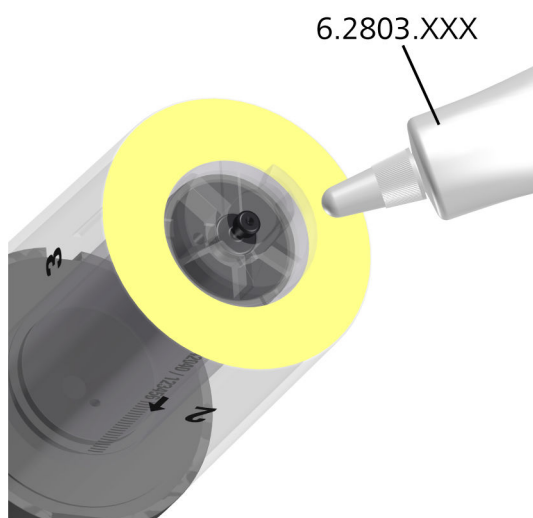
- 1 *Checking and replacing the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 6.6, page 33)*

Greasing the centering tube and the valve disk

Required accessories:

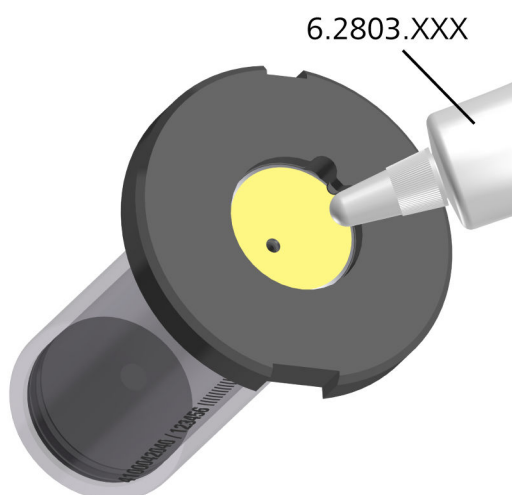
Grease (6.2803.010 or 6.2803.000)

1



Grease the centering tube.

2



NOTICE

Apply a thin layer of grease. Wipe off excess grease with a cloth.

Grease the valve disk sparingly.

Assembling the cylinder unit

1 *Assembling the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 6.7, page 33)*

6.6 Checking and replacing the cylinder unit OMNIS

Prerequisite:

The cylinder unit has been taken apart. *Disassembling the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 6.4, page 27)*

1 Inspecting the cylinder

- Are rough areas or scratches visible on the cylinder?

2 Inspecting the dosing piston

- Are scratches visible on the surface of the dosing piston?
- Is any unevenness visible on the sealing lips of the dosing piston?
- Are the cylinder and the dosing piston leakproof?

3 Replacing the cylinder unit

If any of these defects is visible, replace the entire cylinder unit.

6.7 Assembling the cylinder unit OMNIS

Assembling the cylinder element

- Place the cylinder base with cylinder and dosing piston on a flat surface.

2



Place the centering tube on the dosing piston.

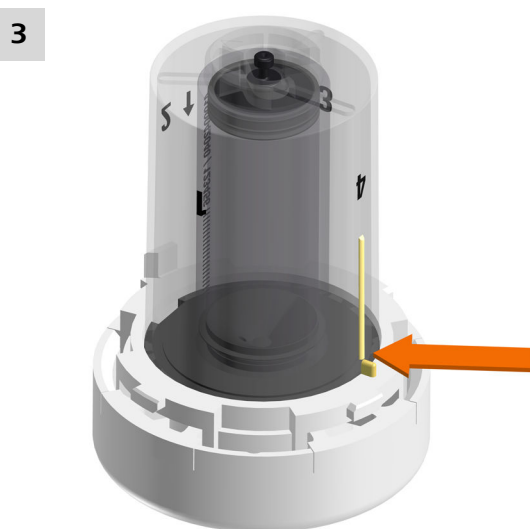
- Position the protrusions of the centering tube in such a way that they fit into the recesses of the cylinder base.
- Align the centering tube so that the piston stopper fits in the opening in the centering tube.

Mounting the cylinder housing

- 1 Place the cylinder top piece on a flat surface with the ports facing downwards.

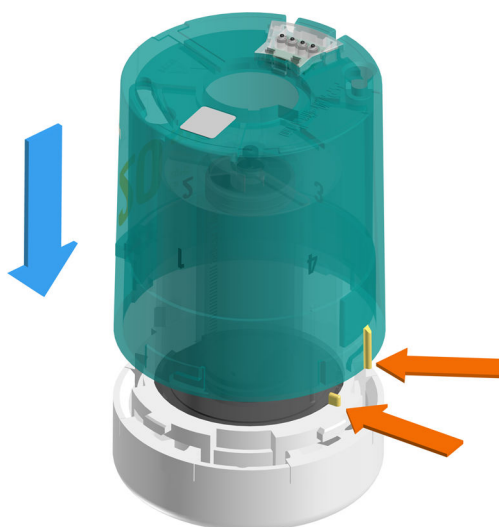


Place the cylinder element (centering tube incl. cylinder) on the cylinder top piece.



Rotate the cylinder element (centering tube incl. cylinder) in such a way that the markings on the centering tube and on the cylinder top piece are positioned above one another.

4

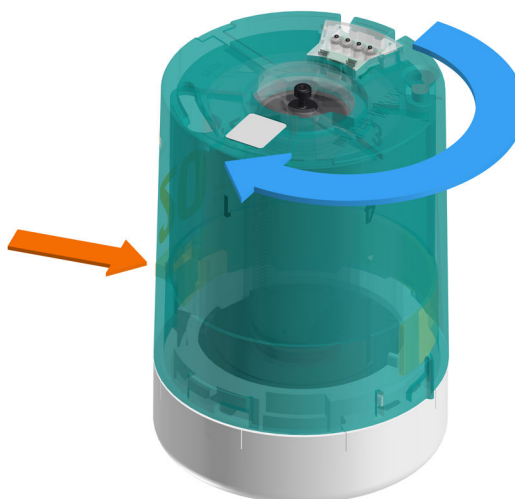


Put the cylinder housing into place.

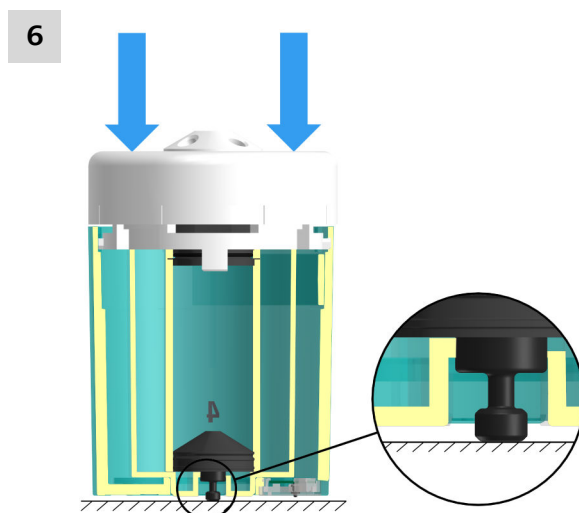
The markings on the cylinder housing, on the centering tube and on the cylinder top piece must be positioned above one another.

The cylinder housing rests on the cylinder top piece.

5



Hold on to the cylinder top piece and rotate the cylinder housing to the left until the unlocking lever snaps in place.



If the piston stopper protrudes the cylinder housing, push the cylinder unit vertically downwards on a flat surface. *Cylinder unit OMNIS – Adjusting the piston position (see chapter 7.2, page 39)*

See also

Attaching the cylinder unit OMNIS (chapter 5.1, page 17)

Cylinder unit OMNIS – Adjusting the piston position (chapter 7.2, page 39)

7 Troubleshooting

Messages on malfunctions and errors are displayed in the control software or in the embedded software (e.g. on the display of an instrument) and contain the following information:

- Descriptions of causes of malfunctions (e.g. jammed drive)
- Descriptions of problems with the control (e.g. missing or invalid parameter)
- Information on how to solve the problem

System components with status display elements also indicate malfunctions and errors with a red flashing LED.

Troubleshooting on the product is often only possible with the control software or the embedded software (e.g. initializing, moving to a defined position).

7.1 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Malfunctions

Problem	Cause	Remedy
Air bubbles are in the cylinder or in the dosing tubing.	<i>Air intrusion through leaky connection.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Check the ends of the tubing, in particular the end of the aspiration tubing. ▪ Tighten the tubing connections at the fill port with the wrench (6.2739.000). ▪ Check the correct placement of the OMNIS Liquid Adapter. ▪ Check the tubing connection of the bottle cap multi-use.
	<i>The reagent degasses excessively; the released air forms bubbles.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Start the Preparing function to rinse the cylinder unit and all tubing. ▪ Reduce the filling rate. ▪ Degas the reagent with ultrasound, nitrogen or in a vacuum.
	<i>The dosing piston is worn out.</i>	Replace the cylinder unit.
	<i>The Preparing function has not been executed or false parameters have been set.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Execute the function Preparing. ▪ Check the length and diameter of the tubing and correct the settings in the control software if necessary. ▪ Check the fill port and correct the settings in the control software if necessary.

Problem	Cause	Remedy
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Switch the control instrument off and then back on again. If the problem persists, contact your regional Metrohm representative.
	<i>The data chip is mechanically damaged or impaired by chemicals.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Cleaning the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 6.2, page 23)</i> If the problem persists, contact your regional Metrohm representative.
The entire cylinder unit rotates during dosing.	<i>The friction points have not been greased.</i>	Grease the centering tube and the valve disk. <i>Cleaning and greasing the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 6.5, page 30)</i>
There is liquid under the dosing piston, on the base of the centering tube or the cylinder unit.	<i>The dosing piston is worn out or defective.</i>	Replace the cylinder unit.
	<i>The cylinder does not seal.</i>	Replace the cylinder unit.
	<i>The distributor disk does not seal.</i>	Clean valve disk and distributor disk. <i>Cleaning and greasing the cylinder unit OMNIS (see chapter 6.5, page 30)</i>

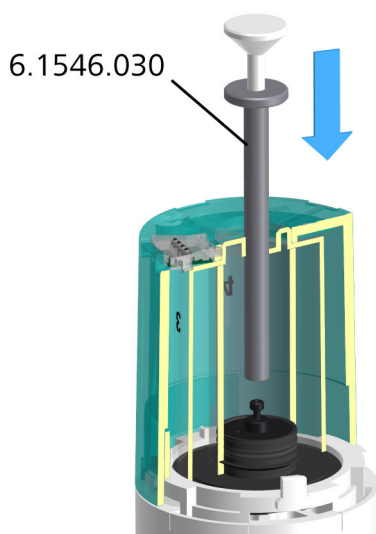
7.2 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Adjusting the piston position

If the piston stopper is not flush with the base of the cylinder housing, the piston rod of the dosing drive cannot reach the dosing piston.

Required accessories:

- Piston tongs (6.1546.030)

1 Inserting the piston tongs



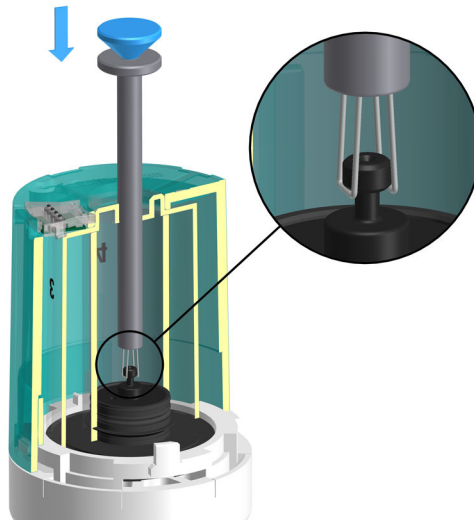
Insert the piston tongs into the opening of the cylinder.



NOTICE

The image shows the lowest position of the piston. However, the dosing piston may be located at a higher position.

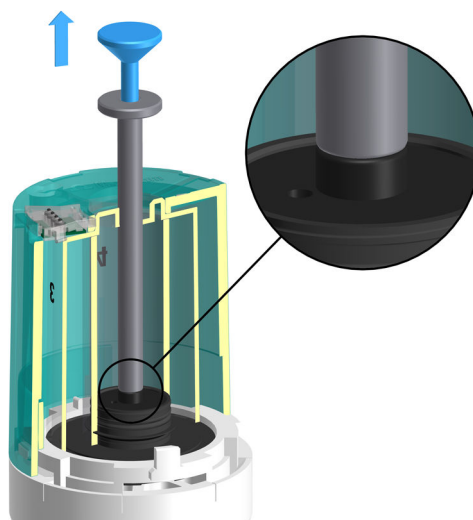
2 Clasping the dosing piston



- Press the plunger of the piston tongs (blue) and hold it down.
- Position the piston tongs in such a way that the wire loops grasp the piston stopper (see zoomed in view).
- Release the plunger of the piston tongs.

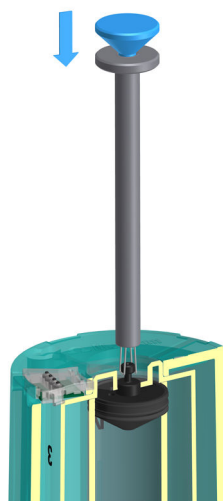
The piston tongs clasp the dosing piston.

3 Positioning the dosing piston



- Make sure that the piston tongs rest flush against the dosing piston (see zoomed in view).
- Hold on to the cylinder unit.
- Hold on to the plunger (blue) of the piston tongs and carefully pull up the dosing piston until it stops.

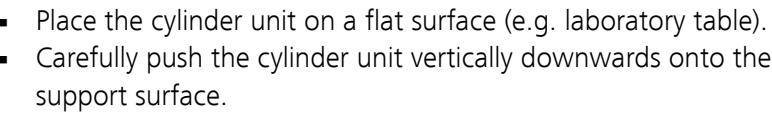
4 Removing the piston tongs



- Press the plunger of the piston tongs (blue) and hold it down.
- Remove the piston tongs.

5 Check the position of the piston stopper

If the piston stopper protrudes the cylinder housing (see zoomed in view), perform the following steps.



7.3 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Clearing the jamming

Clearing the jamming of the attached cylinder unit

- If the **Exchange position** function is not executed successfully, proceed as follows.

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- 6 Fill every port with deionized water or another suitable solvent with a syringe (with needle). Make sure that the needle reaches the valve disk (remains stuck in the port).
- 7 Allow the cylinder unit to stand for 2 hours.
- 8 Initialize the dosing unit in the OMNIS Software, if possible, or force the valve to switch using the **Filling** function or the **Exchange position** function.



NOTICE

Do not force the valve to switch multiple times.

- 9 If the cylinder unit remains jammed, repeat steps 5 to 8.

Clearing the jamming of the not attached cylinder unit

- 1 Place the jammed cylinder unit with the cylinder top piece facing down in warm water (possibly with a little dishwashing detergent) for at least 30 minutes.
- 2 Remove the cylinder unit from the water and dry thoroughly.
- 3 Attach the cylinder unit to the dosing drive and lock it.
- 4 Initialize the dosing unit in the OMNIS Software, if possible, or force the valve to switch using the **Dosing** function or the **Exchange position** function.



NOTICE

Do not force the valve to switch multiple times.

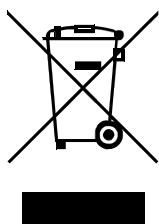
- 5 If the cylinder unit remains jammed, repeat steps 1 to 4.

If the error persists, call the regional Metrohm service representative or replace the entire cylinder unit.

See also

Cylinder unit OMNIS – Overview (chapter 3.1.1, page 11)

8 Disposal



Properly dispose of chemicals and of the product to reduce negative effects on the environment and public health. Local authorities, waste disposal companies or dealers provide more detailed information on disposal. Observe the WEEE EU directive (WEEE = Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) for the proper disposal of waste electronic equipment within the European Union.

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9.4 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Connectors specifications

4

spring contacts

9.5 Cylinder unit OMNIS – Liquid handling specifications

Cylinder unit

20 mL

Tubings

M6

2 mm

FEP

Tetrafluoroethylene-
hexafluoropropylene
copolymer



The regional Metrohm representatives offer the possibility of on-site inspections and certifications of dosing units with respect to accuracy.